CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT

VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON



COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

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Vancouver, Washington

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

PREPARED BY THE CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT FINANCE DEPARTMENT

DISTRICT STAFF

Ken Andrews, CPA Finance Director/Treasurer John M. Peterson, P.E. General Manager

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Norm Harker President
L. Neil Kimsey Vice President
John "Denny" Kiggins Secretary



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CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT VANCOUVER, WASHINGTON

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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June 13, 2017

President Kiggins and Members of the Board of Commissioners

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for Clark Regional Wastewater District (District) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. The financial statements are presented in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS) by independent auditors, represented by the Washington State Auditor's Office (WSAO).

This report has been prepared to conform to the principles of accounting and reporting established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA). Specific accounting treatments are detailed in the Notes to the Financial Statements and found in the Financial Section of this report (see pages 27-57).

The CAFR is developed to provide meaningful financial information to legislative bodies, creditors, investors, community partners and others with interest in the District's financial position. The Finance department prepares the report and the District is responsible for the accuracy, completeness and fairness of all data presented and representations made. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects and that the manner in which it is presented fairly discloses the financial position of the District at December 31, 2016, and the results of operations and cash flows for the year ending December 31, 2016.

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse, and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by Management.

Pursuant to Chapter 43.09.310 Revised Code of Washington (RCW), an independent audit is performed annually. WSAO performs the audit which, in addition to meeting the requirements of state statutes, is also designed (if applicable) to meet the requirements of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and related

Circular A-133. The auditor's report on our financial statements and related notes are included in the Financial Section of this report.

Although the District is not required by state statute or administrative rule to formally adopt a budget, the Board of Commissioners (Board) formally adopts an annual budget as a financial plan and to use as a budgetary control for District expenses. The budget process starts with the submission of budget decision packages, which are reviewed by Management and brought to the Board for consideration at a budget workshop. Finance staff prepares a preliminary detailed budget based upon the goals, strategies, decision packages, prior year budget to actual performance and policies adopted by the Board at the budget workshops. Budget proceedings occur at the regular commissioner meetings, which are open to the public for questions and comments. After a formal public hearing is conducted for ratepayer input on the proposed budget, the Board approves and adopts a final budget in December.

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered within the context of the accompanying Management's Discussion and Analysis (pages 15-20) and Notes (pages 27-57).

DISTRICT PROFILE

This report includes all activities for the Clark Regional Wastewater District. The District is an independent local utility and not a segment or component unit of any other local government. The District is a Special Purpose District organized under the laws of the State of Washington, RCW Title 57, to provide sanitary sewer service to specific areas in Clark County, Washington. The District provides sewer services to over 30,500 accounts in unincorporated Clark County and the City of Ridgefield. The District's customer base is comprised of both residential and commercial customers. The District is a public agency, formed by public election on May 22, 1958, by a group of businessmen who realized that septic systems would be inadequate to meet the sanitary sewer needs of the area's growing population.

Oversight of the District is provided by three elected officials forming the Board of Commissioners who reside within District boundaries and are elected at-large by voters from the District service area. The Board is responsible for the management, control, direction and operation of the District and its policies and business procedures.

The District office is located three miles north of the Vancouver, Washington downtown area. Access to the District office is provided by two major highway systems: Interstates 5 and 205. The District employs fifty-two (52) people who work at the District office and in the field. Four departments within the District include Operations, Finance, Administration and Engineering. Below is a definition and scope for each of these departments.

The Operations department, staff of eighteen (18), manages over 659 miles of sewer mainlines and laterals and 64 pump stations, which are encompassed throughout the approximate 46 square-miles of service area. The department also operates and maintains three satellite sewer systems in the areas of Van Ridge, Meadow Glade and Hockinson. These satellite systems include up to 835 individual Septic Tank Effluent Pumping (STEP) tanks and their associated force mains. In addition to mainline maintenance, the department is responsible for maintaining the grounds and buildings on the District campus, as well as performs minor repairs and maintenance to District vehicles. The department continues to use technology to assist with pump station monitoring using the Supervisory Control and

Data Acquisition (SCADA) system and the Master Series Asset Management System (MMS) to assist with the scheduling of line maintenance.

The Administration department, staff of ten (10), provides oversight and support to all District departments, essential administrative support for the governing body and initiates contracting for professional support as needed. Discovery Clean Water Alliance (Alliance) was incorporated on January 4, 2013. The District's Administration department, via an Administrative Lead Contract, has provided executive and administrative services for the Alliance since incorporation in 2013.

Human Resources are an integral part of the Administration department, providing risk management oversight and administering all aspects of the Human Resources program including employment, compensation/classification, employee relations, training and employee development, personnel record management, personnel policies, procedure development, legal compliance and internal consulting.

The Finance department, staff of ten (10), provides accounting functions such as payroll, accounts payable and financial reporting, treasury management, forecasting and budget oversight, financial application systems development, and customer service to approximately 30,500 District utility accounts in 2016. The Finance department continues to streamline and upgrade its internal processes to promote greater efficiencies and provide excellent customer service. The department answered approximately 33,000 phone calls from customers, mailed over 170,000 customer bills, e-mailed over 23,000 e-bills and assisted about 1,450 walk-in customers. The District's Finance department, via an Administrative Lead Contract, has provided accounting and treasury services for the Alliance since incorporation in 2013.

The Engineering department, staff of fourteen (14), provides engineering services to the District and District customers under the direction of a licensed professional engineer. The services include development review, facility planning, Geographic Information Services (GIS), design, construction management, inspection services and the operation of a pretreatment program. The District's Engineering department, via an Administrative Lead Contract, began providing capital program management and capital project delivery services for the Alliance January 1, 2015.

A capital projects engineer provides professional insight into necessary capital construction projects and replacement and restoration projects. Long-range planning precedes sub-basin planning and provides valuable information about the infrastructure needed to support urban incorporation by Clark County. This insight remains crucial for the successful planning of future infrastructure needs for current and future District customers.

ECONOMIC CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

The District is located in southwest Washington and its boundaries reside within Clark County, Washington. Clark County borders northwest Oregon, including Multnomah County and the greater Portland metropolitan area.

The District has realized benefits related to the continued economic recovery throughout 2016 and anticipates these benefits to continue in 2017. At the end of 2016, unemployment rate in Clark County was 6.0%, equal to the 6.0% rate at the end of 2015. In addition, the state and national average unemployment rates were 5.3% and 4.5%, respectively, as of December 2016, both less than the 5.9% and 4.8% rates reported in December 2015.

Private-sector and public-sector employment increased 2.6% and 2.5%, respectively, in 2016. The top three industry sectors with the largest employment gains in 2016 from 2015 are:

- Education and Health Services
- Government
- Leisure and Hospitality

Eleven of thirteen major industries saw growth from December 2015 to December 2016. Employment levels in manufacturing and mining/logging industries dipped slightly with a loss of 5,900 and 100 jobs, respectively.

District sewer permits issued for new connections reflected the continued economic recovery, with significant increases in sewer permits issued since 2014. New construction connections to the public sewer system increased by 233 or 22% in 2016 from 2015, with a total of 1,295 permits issued in 2016 (see Schedule 17 for details). Construction projects in the District service area that required new sewer services from 2014 through 2016 were as follows:

Construction Projects	2016	2015	2014
New subdivisions	40	15	24
New single family lots	1437	784	770
Commercial developments	8	7	4
Commercial equivalent residential units	1	2	3
Apartment units	109	244	195

The District will continue to monitor construction projects for trends, to assess potential impacts on operations and customers. The District's ability to strategically plan adequate resources, for future capital needs for its customers, will ensure that appropriate and adequate investments are made in collection system assets throughout the service area. Preserving the financial condition of the District and building upon its financial health are primary goals. The District continues to seek better economies of scale and eliminate redundancies in its operations.

Some significant elements in maintaining a healthy financial condition include:

- 1. Instituting and maintaining fiscal and debt policies which adequately cover the management and planning of system improvements, replacements and other capital disbursements.
- 2. Optimizing operating costs to meet customer needs (electronic monitoring of pump stations, instituting building permits module for use by all departments, GIS mapping, etc.).
- 3. Maintaining adequate but favorable rates through low-cost financing of capital projects to meet the District's objectives and facilitate customer growth.
- 4. Assessing financial input from advisors, the public and other interested parties.
- 5. Closely monitoring and making necessary improvements to the existing system of pump stations, collection and transmission lines.

The District is currently in the process of updating its Comprehensive General Sewer Plan. The plan is scheduled to be complete and adopted in 2018. It is reviewed every six years in conjunction with Clark County's Comprehensive Plan Update which, was most recently completed in 2016. The District is developing a plan for the future expansion of the wastewater system throughout the approximate 46 square-mile service territory, which now includes approximately five square-miles of new service territory in Ridgefield, effective January 1, 2014. The plan is based upon current adopted land use planning assumptions and population and demographic projections. It includes forecasting construction and financing of infrastructure needs to provide new service, as well as the restoration and replacement of existing infrastructure for the 20-year planning horizon.

Since the District has no taxing authority, it must rely solely on revenues from monthly sewer service and connection charges. Monthly sewer service charges fund operations and the costs for collection, transportation and treatment of wastewater. Starting in 2013, the District Board approved rate increases of \$1.00 per month per year through 2016. A portion of the monthly service charge is held in reserve for the restoration and/or replacement of existing infrastructure and future vehicle and equipment needs. In addition, a portion is held in reserve to meet debt service requirements. System Development Charges (SDCs) are paid on new connections whose wastewater flows to the Salmon Creek, City of Vancouver or City of Ridgefield treatment plants. State statute authorizes entities providing sewer service to assess this charge representing the owner's equitable share of the system as a condition to granting the right to connect.

In May of 2013, the District adopted two agreements outlining guiding principles of agreed upon service levels, providing for coordination of wastewater services with the City of Vancouver (Vancouver). The principles allow for Vancouver to annex parts of the District's service area within the Vancouver Urban Growth Boundary over time, but maintain the cost-effective District services for sewer collection for the foreseeable future.

In 2014, the City of Ridgefield (Ridgefield) transferred ownership of all its sewer utility collection system physical assets and all (approximately 2,000) sewer utility customers to the District.

In 2013, Discovery Clean Water Alliance (Alliance) was formally incorporated by the four partner agencies (the District, Clark County, City of Ridgefield and City of Battle Ground). The Alliance was formed to support a framework where all parties charged with owning, operating or using wastewater treatment services could collectively make decisions together on the delivery of those services to the public within Clark County. This opportunity to jointly own and jointly manage regional infrastructure relied on by vested parties was an underlying theme that future members came to support, to manage both long-term costs and long-term capacity needs. The Alliance owns and operates transmission lines, pump stations and treatment plants to provide sewer treatment service to the mid-Clark County region (Cities of Ridgefield and Battle Ground and the District's service area) effective January 1, 2015.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Clark Regional Wastewater District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. This was the twenty-eighth (28) consecutive year that the District has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and

efficiently organized CAFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We anticipate that our current CAFR will continue to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In 2003, the District received a certificate of award from the State of Washington Auditor's Office for achieving 21 consecutive years of audits without a finding. The District was one of only a few local governmental entities in the State of Washington to not have an audit finding through year-end 2002. As of December 31, 2016, it has been 35 consecutive years without an audit finding.

The American Public Works Association (APWA) compiles best practices and recommended management practices from across the U.S. and Canada. It then provides that information and a guidance manual for other public works entities to assess the adequacy of their management practices. Public works organizations can then seek accreditation by the APWA through a multi-day onsite evaluation of their practices outlined by the APWA. The District was originally accredited in 2005 and re-accredited in 2009 and 2015. The District is the first and only Special Purpose Government to carry the APWA Accreditation in North America. The purpose of the accreditation process is to provide a means of formally verifying and recognizing public works agencies for compliance with the recommended practices set forth in the Public Works Management Practices Manual. The accreditation process is completely voluntary.

Acknowledgments

This report was made possible by the staff of the Finance department, the (Washington) Water and Sewer Risk Management Pool, the Washington Department of Retirement Systems (DRS) and all other departments of the District. Each member of the District, the President, Commissioners, General Manager and the related agencies above, have our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

This report is intended to provide complete and reliable information that can be used to make management decisions, determine compliance with legal provisions and evaluate responsible stewardship of District assets.

Respectfully submitted,

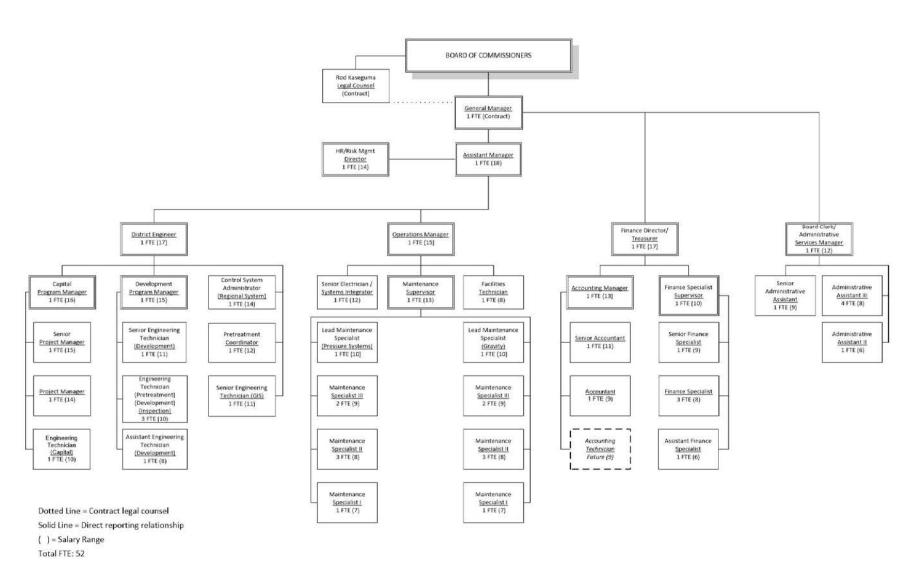
Ken Andrews, CPA

Finance Director

John M. Peterson, P.E.

General Manager

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT ORGANIZATIONAL CHART



CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT DIRECTORY OF OFFICIALS

RCW 57.12.010 provides for a Board of Commissioners consisting of three members to serve as governing body for the District. Each Commissioner serves a 6-year term with elections held every two years.

ELECTED COMMISSIONERS DURING 2016

Position	Elected Offical	Term Expiration
President	Norm Harker	December 2021
Vice President	L. Neil Kimsey	December 2019
Secretary	John "Denny" Kiggins	December 2017

APPOINTIVE

Position	Appointed Employee
General Manager	John M. Peterson, P.E.
Assistant Manager	Shawn Moore, P.E.
Finance Director/Treasurer	Ken Andrews, CPA
Attorney	Rod Kaseguma

MAILING ADDRESSES

Office: P.O. Box 8979

Vancouver, WA 98668-8979

Inslee, Best, Doezie & Ryder, P.S.

Attorney: P.O. Box C-90016

Bellevue, WA 98009-9016

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT GFOA CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Clark Regional Wastewater District Washington

> For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

December 31, 2015

Executive Director/CEO

INTRODUCTION SECTIO	N	
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CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT



Office of the Washington State Auditor Pat McCarthy

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 13, 2017

Board of Commissioners Clark Regional Wastewater District Vancouver, Washington

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Clark Regional Wastewater District, Clark County, Washington, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Clark Regional Wastewater District, Clark County, Washington, as of December 31, 2016, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 15 through 20, information on postemployment benefits other than pensions on page 57 and pension plan information on pages 58 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

The information identified in the table of contents as the Introduction and Statistical Sections is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements of the District. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we will also issue our report dated June 13, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Sincerely,

Pat McCarthy

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State Auditor

Olympia, WA

FINANCIAL SECTION	
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14	CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT

INTRODUCTION

As management of Clark Regional Wastewater District (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1-6 of this report.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements, the notes to the financial statements and, if applicable, any other supplementary information required as part of the basic financial statements. Please refer to the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements regarding capital asset and long-term liability activity, which can be found on pages 27-57.

The District is not legally required to adopt a budget, however, does so as a measure of monitoring revenues and controlling expenses. The Board of Commissioners adopts an annual budget and uses it as a financial plan for the District. The District has not reported budgetary comparison schedules herein as required supplementary information.

The District's financial statements present a Special Purpose District organized under the laws of the State of Washington, Revised Code of Washington (RCW), Title 57, to provide sanitary sewer service to specific areas in Clark County, Washington. The District is not a segment of any other local government nor is it a component unit thereof. The financial statements are presented in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities (i.e. sewer service). The District reports its activities as an enterprise fund, which is a type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities; as such, the District uses the enterprise fund to account for all its activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position display the change in the District's net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event occurs regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The Statement of Cash Flows presents the cash flow from operations, non-capital financing and from capital and related financing, as well as from investing activities.

Financial Highlights

- For 2016, the assets of the District exceeded its liabilities by \$189,626,995. Of this amount, \$31,028,247 is classified as unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations. The District has restricted funds of \$541,765 at December 31, 2016 for debt service reserve.
- The District's change in net position was \$5,777,712 for 2016. The 2016 increase is primarily a result of capital contributions from developers and connection charges totaling \$14,711,919. Additionally, the District has recorded a prior period adjustment reducing beginning net position by \$802,010, leading to a total change in net position from 2015 to 2016 of \$4,975,702 (see Note 13 for further details).
- In 2016, the District made regular principal payments on its outstanding sewer revenue bonds of \$525,289 and PWTF loans of \$1,253,033.

Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Net Position

			2016 to 2015	
December 31	2016	2015	Change	<u>%</u>
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 43,253,905	\$ 41,123,278	\$ 2,130,627	5.2%
Capital assets (net of depreciation)				
and construction work in progress	179,865,064	177,778,137	2,086,927	1.2%
Total assets	223,118,969	218,901,415	4,217,554	
Deferred Outflows	634,345	368,348	265,997	72.2%
Liabilities				
Long-term liabilities	26,867,336	27,812,301	(944,965)	-3.4%
Other liabilities	7,194,661	6,355,303	839,358	13.2%
Total liabilities	34,061,997	34,167,604	(105,607)	
Deferred Inflows	64,322	450,866	(386,544)	-85.7%
Net position				
-	159 056 092	154 101 724	2 965 240	2.5%
Net investment in capital assets	158,056,983	154,191,734	3,865,249	
Restricted - debt service reserve	541,765	541,765	-	0.0%
Unrestricted	31,028,247	29,917,794	1,110,453	3.7%
Total net position	\$ 189,626,995	\$ 184,651,293	\$ 4,975,702	

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

Investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, pump stations, collection and transmission lines, machinery and equipment, construction work in progress and intangible assets. The District's total net capital assets as of December 31, 2016, were \$179.9 million. This increase of \$2.1 million or 1.2% from 2015 is due to several major capital assets events during the fiscal year, including the following:

- The District completed and placed into service the Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System (DCWTS) in 2016, a project totaling \$28.7 million.
- In 2016, donated capital assets from developers totaled \$7,015,528.
- During 2016, the District purchased three vehicles totaling \$444,828: a Ford Escape for use as an inspector vehicle, a pump station service truck and a Vactor truck to replace aging fleet.
- For further explanations of the capital asset activity of the District, please refer to Note 4 Capital Assets, pages 34-35.

Long-Term Liabilities

- During 2016, the District decreased its loan liabilities by a total of \$1,253,033. This decrease was solely driven by regular principal payments on outstanding loans.
- On November 28, 2012, the District issued \$5,417,645 in sewer revenue bonds. The outstanding balance owed at year end 2016 is \$3,378,658.
- Loans payable of \$18,429,423 at year end include the following:
 - □ \$755,852 on the PWTF loan for the Gee Creek Trunk Sewer T7 line transferred from the City of Ridgefield on January 1, 2014
 - □ \$17,673,571 in PWTF loans for the DCWTS project
- Please refer to the Note 3 Long-Term Liabilities, pages 31-33, for more detailed information regarding long-term debt activity.

Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

, ,	2016	2015	2016 to 2015	0/
Revenues	2016	2015	Change	<u>%</u>
Operating revenue Charges for services	\$ 18,691,943	\$ 17,542,643	\$ 1,149,300	6.6%
Permits	150,445	127,150	23,295	18.3%
Miscellaneous	541,129	455,941	85,188	18.7%
Non-operating revenue	311,129	155,511	03,100	10.770
Interest and investment income	339,891	307,304	32,587	10.6%
Other non-operating revenue	872,136	552,060	320,076	58.0%
Gain on disposal of asset	5,999	-	5,999	
Total revenues	20,601,543	18,985,098	1,616,445	
Expenses				
Operating expenses	29,062,822	23,078,519	5,984,303	25.9%
Non-operating expenses				
Other non-operating expenses	300,287	271,965	28,322	10.4%
Loss on disposal of asset	-	123,718	(123,718)	-100.0%
Interest expense	172,641	508,173	(335,532)	-66.0%
Total expenses	29,535,750	23,982,375	5,553,375	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	(8,934,207)	(4,997,277)	(3,936,930)	78.8%
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	14,711,919	11,377,064	3,334,855	29.3%
SPECIAL ITEM		21,153,127	(21,153,127)	-100.0%
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,777,712	27,532,914	(21,755,202)	-79.0%
NET POSITION, January 1	184,651,293	159,952,162	24,699,131	15.4%
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	(802,010)	233,794	(1,035,804)	-
CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE		(3,067,577)	3,067,577	-
NET POSITION, December 31	\$189,626,995	\$ 184,651,293	\$ 4,975,702	

- Service revenues increased in 2016 by \$1,149,300 or 6.6% due partially to a \$1 increase in rates and partially due to an increase in number of connections to sewer service. Miscellaneous revenues increased by 18.7% over 2015, to \$541,129. This increase was primarily due to increased development activity in the District service area in 2016.
- Actual Equivalent Residential Unit (ERU) growth in customers was 1,418 and 1,299 ERUs for 2016 and 2015, respectively. The District saw a revenue increase of 18.3% in permit fees for 2016 compared to 2015, driven by continued increased development in the District's service area.
- Interest and investment income in 2016 increased by 10.6% from 2015. The District continues to actively manage and diversify its investments outside of the State and County pools to maximize interest earnings.
- Other non-operating revenue increased by \$320,076 or 58.0% in 2016. This increase was primarily driven by the receipt of a Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) grant of \$227,875 received for inclement weather-related repairs on District pump stations.

The District receives System Development Charge (SDC) revenues, based on a tiered system, in an effort to support economic development within the District service area. The revenue from this charge is used for new infrastructure and capital projects within the District service area. Connection fee revenues (SDCs) for 2016 totaled \$7,583,679 compared to \$6,489,814 in 2015. These charges per connection did not change in 2016 from 2015. The charges per connection are as follows:

Tier	Treatment Plant		SDC		
1	Vancouver (VTP)		\$	1,720	
2	Salmon Creek (SCTP)		\$	4,708	
3	Ridgefield (RFTP)		\$	7,550	

- The remaining increase in capital contributions is a result of increased donated capital. The District received \$7,015,528 in 2016, compared to \$4,724,174 in 2015. This 48.5% increase is a result of increased development within the District's service area.
- Operating expenses for 2016 increased over 2015 by \$6.0 million or 25.9%. The main drivers for this increase are:
 - □ Treatment contract services are the largest category of operating expenses. It increased \$1,734,766 or 24.3%, mainly due to increased rates due to the Alliance as it expands operations, as well as a final treatment payment due to the City of Ridgefield for the defeasance of its bonds.
 - □ Labor and related benefits costs overall reflect an increase of \$337,418 and \$88,204, respectively, for 2016 due to annual salary merit and cost of living increases, and an increase in the cost of benefits.
 - Repairs and maintenance expense increased to \$3,279,762 in 2016 due to the application of a new capital assets policy adopted in 2016 which more clearly defines capital assets as opposed to capital repair projects that should be expensed.

Cash Flows

Wastewater collection is a very capital and asset intensive utility service. The District's current system, inclusive of the Ridgefield service area, is spread across 46 square-miles. Significant portions of the service area are undeveloped and require major infrastructure improvements and investments. Other portions of the system are over 50 years old and are beginning to reach their useful life. Growth in sewer service customers and service charges help fund capital expansion to the Alliance-owned Salmon Creek and Ridgefield wastewater treatment plants. Growth and increased rates provide the necessary annual cash flow to cover operating activities and partially support capital needs of the District.

Conditions of Future Significance

Although the District experienced a negative operating income for 2016, an increase in rates of \$1.00 per month per ERU provided for capital expansion and provided the cash flow for the related debt service. The District also continued to spend down some cash reserves while at the same time servicing debt for the Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System.

The District has been fortunate in qualifying for low cost financing from the State of Washington Public Works Trust Fund (PWTF) loan (0.5%) program for major capital projects. This has allowed the District to keep its rates relatively steady for its ratepayers. The District worked diligently to stabilize rate impacts, while at the same time paying for its ongoing operating, capital and replacement and restoration needs by providing a rate structure that accommodates all three aspects of disbursements.

In 2017, the City of Vancouver announced the annexation of a portion of the District service area that will encompass approximately 1,000 active customer accounts. The District will continue to provide sewer service to these customers.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed and intended to provide a general overview of the District's financial position. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Clark Regional Wastewater District, Finance Director/Treasurer, PO Box 8979, Vancouver, WA 98668-8979 or http://www.crwwd.com.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT 2016

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS

	2016
CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,655,375
Investments (at fair value)	10,002,450
Receivables	1 644 460
Customer accounts	1,644,469
Contracts (current and delinquent)	76,783
Interest	37,561
Due from other governments	710,088
Prepaid expenses	247,431
Total current assets	32,374,157
NONCURRENT ASSETS	
Investments (at fair value)	9,974,170
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	541,765
Contracts receivable	363,813
Total long-term assets	10,879,748
Capital assets not being depreciated	
Land and land rights	753,751
Construction work in progress	4,505,285
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,259,036
Capital assets being depreciated	
Buildings	3,727,071
Improvements other than buildings	185,482,056
Equipment	3,238,602
Less: accumulated depreciation	(46,988,075)
Total capital assets being depreciated	145,459,654
Capital assets being amortized:	
Intangible assets, including future treatment capacity rights	85,763,587
Less: accumulated amortization	(56,617,213)
Total capital assets being amortized	29,146,374
Total noncurrent assets	190,744,812
Total assets	223,118,969
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS	
Amounts deferred for pensions	634,345
Total deferred outflows	\$ 634,345

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2016

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND NET POSITION

	2016
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Warrants payable	\$ 4,139,275
Accounts payable	505,243
Interest payable	60,902
Revenue collected in advance	439,828
SDC credits	75,500
Construction deposits	172,888
Compensated absences	40,122
Loans payable	1,225,162
Sewer revenue bonds	 535,741
Total current liabilities	7,194,661
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	
Compensated absences	405,677
SDC credits	1,532,910
Loans payable	17,204,261
Sewer revenue bonds	2,842,917
Net pension liability	3,568,359
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	1,313,212
Total noncurrent liabilities	 26,867,336
Total liabilities	 34,061,997
DEFERRED INFLOWS	
Amounts deferred for pensions	 64,322
Total deferred inflows	64,322
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	158,056,983
Restricted - debt reserve reserve	541,765
Unrestricted	31,028,247
Total net position	\$ 189,626,995

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services	\$ 18,691,943
Permits	150,445
Other operating revenue	541,129
Total utility operating revenues	19,383,517
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Salaries and wages	3,710,935
Personnel benefits	1,709,566
Supplies	495,139
Professional services	310,235
Insurance	134,588
Repairs and maintenance	3,279,762
Treatment contract services	8,876,412
Taxes	495,234
Other operating expense	1,105,556
Depreciation and amortization	8,945,395
Total operating expenses	29,062,822
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(9,679,305)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest and investment revenue	339,891
Other non-operating revenue	872,136
Gain on disposal of assets	5,999
Interest expense	(172,641)
Other non-operating expense	(300,287)
Total non-operating revenue (expenses)	745,098
INCOME BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	(8,934,207)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	14,711,919
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,777,712
TOTAL NET POSITION, January 1	184,651,293
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	(802,010)
TOTAL NET POSITION, December 31	\$ 189,626,995

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 19,773,664
Payments to suppliers	(13,307,437)
Payments to employees	(5,345,885)
Payments for taxes	(469,997)
Other reimbursements	(719,564)
Other revenues	452,244
Net cash from operating activities	383,025
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Grant revenues received	227,875
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	227,875
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts for future system improvements	7,769,994
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	5,999
Principal paid on long-term debt	(1,778,321)
Interest paid on long-term debt	(177,304)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(4,875,784)
Net cash from capital and related financing	944,584
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Purchase of investments	(5,022,792)
Proceeds from maturing or called investments	6,106,648
Interest on investments	230,658
Interest on contracts	20,331
Net cash from investing activities	1,334,845
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	2,890,329
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, January 1	17,306,811
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, December 31	\$ 20,197,140
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,655,375
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 541,765
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, December 31	\$ 20,197,140

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

	2016
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH FROM	
OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Utility operating income (loss)	\$(9,679,305)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net from operating	
activities	
Depreciation and amortization expense	8,945,395
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(113,167)
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments	(156,310)
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses	(39,379)
(Increase) decrease in deferred outflows	(265,997)
Increase (decrease) in warrants payable	844,768
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	58,204
Increase (decrease) in accrued employee benefits	171,578
Increase (decrease) in revenue collected in advance	15,363
Increase (decrease) in pension obligation (net)	644,445
Increase (decrease) in deferred inflows	(386,544)
Non-operating expenses	(300,287)
Non-operating revenues	644,261
Total adjustments	10,062,330
Net cash from operating activities	\$ 383,025
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Contributions of capital assets from developers or governments	7,015,528
Increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	(86,542)
Issuance (receipt) of capital contract receivable	69,490
Change in capital related accounts payable	(49,664)

Note 1 – General Description of the District and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Hazel Dell Sewer District (District) was formed May 22, 1958, as a Special Purpose District to provide sanitary sewers in the collection, transport and treatment of wastewater within its legal boundaries. The District operates under an independent, three-member elected Board of Commissioners as provided by Revised Code of Washington (RCW) Title 57, with the General Manager responsible for the daily management of operational and administrative activities of the District. The District changed its legal name to Clark Regional Wastewater District effective January 1, 2006.

The accounting policies of the District conform to Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applicable to proprietary funds of governments. The following is a summary of the most significant policies (including identification of those policies which result in material departures from GAAP):

Reporting entity – The District is a municipal corporation and a political subdivision of the State of Washington. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has established GAAP, which qualifies a Special Purpose District to be a primary government. The District meets all three criteria:

- 1. An independent, elected governing body that is directly accountable to its citizens within the District;
- 2. A separate legal entity having legal autonomy to act within its statutory purpose; and
- 3. Financial accountability is focused on the independent elected governing body and such governing body has the autonomy, authority to approve and modify its budget or to set rates or charges to maintain its fiscal independence.

As required by GAAP, management has considered all potential component units in defining the reporting entity. Utilizing the criteria set forth by GASB for component units, the District has evaluated all legal entities that would potentially qualify as a component unit and be included in the financial statements of the District. The District concludes it has no component units. The District's financial statements include the financial position and results of operation of a single enterprise that the District manages and has custodial responsibility over the assets and liabilities therein.

Basis of accounting and presentation – The accounting records of the District are maintained in accordance with methods prescribed by the State Auditor under authority chapter 43.09. The District uses the Uniform Chart of Accounts as prescribed within the Budgeting, Accounting and Reporting System (BARS) Manual for Water and Sewer Districts reporting in conformity with GAAP. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with GAAP.

The District uses the full-accrual basis of accounting where revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Assets are capitalized based upon the District's capitalization policy and long-term liabilities are accounted for in the appropriate accounts.

Of the eleven fund types established by GAAP, two are classified as proprietary funds. These are the enterprise funds and the internal service funds. The District accounts for its operations within an enterprise fund, which is similar to a private business enterprise.

Note 1 – General Description of the District and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District distinguishes between operating revenues and expenses from non-operating ones. Operating revenues are derived from the sewer services provided to the ratepayers of the District. Operating expenses include the cost of providing sewer services (i.e. maintenance, engineering, treatment and administration), as well as depreciation and amortization of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting the above criteria are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses, such as interest income and expense.

Cash and cash equivalents – For the purposes of the Statements of Net Position and Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. All amounts held in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) and Clark County Investment Pool (CCIP) accounts are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments purchased with an original maturity of more than three months are classified as investments.

Investments – Certain investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, on quoted market prices for securities purchased by the District. All investments held have readily available market prices. The change in fair value is reported in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income. Realized gains or losses on the maturity or disposition of securities are not separately disclosed. Likewise, some investments are reported at amortized cost.

Receivables – Accounts receivables represent user charges for sewer services, which are recognized as earned. All accounts receivables are due from users within the service area of the District. Since the District records liens on the property served and, ultimately, may foreclose on such property, payments on delinquent accounts are eventually received.

Contracts receivable are related to construction costs, as well as any applicable financing costs corresponding to such sanitary sewer construction for a particular property or group of properties. Contracts are provided under state statutes and direct the process in which the District extends sanitary sewer services to properties. Contracts are recorded as an enforceable lien on the property when they are levied. These receivables consist of current, delinquent and deferred billed principal with related interest and penalties. As of December 31, 2016, delinquent contracts receivable were \$17,502.

Capital assets – The District's capital assets include but are not limited to land, buildings, treatment capacity rights, construction work in progress, machinery, equipment, furniture and software. See Note 4 on pages 34 through 35 for detailed information about the District's capital assets.

Compensated absences – Accumulated but unpaid compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) are recorded as liabilities as earned. Vacation may accumulate up to a maximum of 360 hours or, for those restricted to contracts, the contract amount, although the maximum compensable payout allowed is 240 hours. Sick leave earned, vested and unused by District employees is compensable at 50% of its value upon voluntary termination, retirement or death and is also recorded as a District liability. Sick leave may accumulate beyond 960 hours for an employee; however, 50% of 960 hours is the maximum payout allowed. Total accrued unpaid compensated absences (vacation and sick leave) amounted to \$445,799 at December 31, 2016.

Note 1 – General Description of the District and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Pensions and deferred inflows / outflows of resources – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of all state sponsored pension plans and additions to/deductions from those plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Amounts relating to pensions are further detailed in Note 7 – Pension Plans, pages 43 through 49.

Prepaid expenses – The District uses the consumption method to account for prepaid expenses.

Intangible assets – The District currently recognizes its future treatment capacity rights in the Alliance's Salmon Creek Treatment Plant as a component of the District's net capital assets, in compliance with GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets."

Note 2 – Accounting and Reporting Changes

The District implemented GASB 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes and requires the application of fair value to certain investments, in order to promote comparability of government financial statements. The standard expands the level of disclosure for fair value methodology in the notes to the financial statements. The standard also changes the recorded value of contributed capital assets from fair value to acquisition value.

The District implemented GASB 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. This statement identifies the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles for governmental financial reporting and establishes the framework for selecting those principles.

The District implemented GASB 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants. This statement provides criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making an election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes, and requires pool participants to report using the same criteria. This standard adds note disclosure requirements for the District with regard to pool investments.

The District has elected to early implement GASB 82, *Pension Issues*. This statement amends GASB 68 by changing the definition of covered payroll reported in Required Supplementary Information to the payroll on which contributions to a pension plan are based. This statement also clarifies that employer-paid member contributions should be classified as employee contributions for purposes of determining a cost-sharing employer's proportion.

Note 3 – Long-Term Liabilities

Revenue Bonds – Revenue bonds are authorized and adopted by the Board of Commissioners for construction of capital additions. Sewer revenues of the District provide the security for repayment of District debt. The District issued sewer revenue bonds totaling \$5,417,645 in November 2012. Debt service on the loan for 2016 totaled \$600,000 (\$525,289 principal and \$74,711 interest). These bonds have an interest rate of 1.98%. Proceeds were used to reimburse the District for reserves used to retire Clark County's 2001 sewer revenue bonds. The annual debt service requirements for these 2012 sewer revenue bonds are as follows:

	2012 Sewer Revenue Bonds				_	
					-	Total Debt
Year		Principal		Interest		Service
2017	\$	535,741	\$	64,259	\$	600,000
2018		546,402		53,598		600,000
2019		557,274		42,726		600,000
2020		568,363		31,637		600,000
2021		579,672		20,328		600,000
2022		591,206		8,794		600,000
Total	\$	3,378,658	\$	221,342	\$	3,600,000

The District must meet reserve requirements for the bonds. The lessor of (1) maximum annual debt service, (2) 1.25 times the average annual debt service, or (3) 10.0% of original bond proceeds, in the debt service account in compliance with bond covenants. At December 31, 2016, \$541,765 has been set aside to meet this requirement.

The District is also required by bond covenants to maintain debt service coverage of its revenue bonded debt of a minimum of the sum of: (1) 1.10 times the annual debt service on all outstanding bonds during the fiscal year, (2) 1.25 times the annual debt service on all outstanding bonds during the fiscal year (for bonded revenue plus SDC revenue), and (3) any amount required to be deposited in the debt service reserve account during that year. Although debt service coverage requirement number 1 was not met for the year ended December 31, 2016, requirements 2 and 3 were met.

The Tax Recovery Act of 1986 established regulations for rebate of arbitrage earning to the federal government on certain local government bonds. Issuing governments must calculate and remit annually any rebate due at least every five years. The District has a cumulative negative rebate amount for its bonds. No liability was recorded at December 31, 2016.

Loans – The State of Washington has a low-cost financing program that allows public entities in the state to finance public works (i.e. collection transmission facilities). This program is administered by the State of Washington Public Works Trust Fund (PWTF) Board, who has approved four loans to the District through December 31, 2016, of which one loan was paid in full July 1, 2016. Remaining loans from the state PWTF will be repaid over a period not to exceed twenty (20) years at the stated interest rates.

Construction was funded through use of these loans as follows:

Note 3 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

- Gee Creek Trunk Sewer project with loans, issued notices of completion and final draws were executed by the City of Ridgefield in 2008. This loan was transferred to the District on January 1, 2014, as part of the collection system transfer of operations.
- Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System was completed in 2016. The District and the City of Ridgefield were each directly approved for \$10,000,000 loans. The total \$20,000,000 of approved loans funded design and substantial construction activities. The initial loan draws were made in June 2013 and July 2013, respectively. On January 1, 2014, the City's loan was transferred to the District as part of the transfer of its collection system operations. As of December 31, 2016, the District is fully drawn on both the loan directly issued to the District and the loan transferred from Ridgefield.

Below is a schedule of loans containing a description of each loan, its use and outstanding balance as of December 31, 2016:

Public Works Trust Fund Loans	Loan Number	Notice of Completion	Approved Loan Amount	Balance
Gee Creek Trunk Sewer	PW-05-691-047	February 2008	\$ 1,597,606	\$ 755,852
Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System	PC-12-951-034	N/A	10,000,000	8,779,340
Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System	PC-13-961-040	N/A	10,000,000	8,894,231
				\$18,429,423

For 2016, the District paid \$1,327,476 (\$1,225,162 principal and \$102,314 interest) on the PWTF loans the District is carrying an outstanding balance on as of December 31, 2016. The District also made the final payment of \$28,149 (\$27,870 principal and \$279 interest) on the Hockinson pump station PWTF loan.

The annual debt service requirements for the outstanding PWTF loans payable are as follows:

Note 3 – Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

State of Washington - Public Works Trust Fund Loans

	Gee Creek T	runk Sewer	DCWTS*		Total			
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Payments	
2017	\$ 83,983	\$ 7,559	\$ 1,141,179	\$ 88,368	\$ 1,225,162	\$ 95,927	\$ 1,321,089	
2018 2019	83,984 83,984	6,719 5,879	1,141,179 1,141,179	82,662 76,956	1,225,163 1,225,163	89,381 82,835	1,314,544 1,307,998	
2020	83,984	5,039	1,141,179	71,250	1,225,163	76,289	1,301,452	
2021	83,984	4,199	1,141,179	65,544	1,225,163	69,743	1,294,906	
2022-2026	335,933	8,399	5,705,894	242,133	6,041,827	250,532	6,292,359	
2027-2031	-	-	5,705,894	99,486	5,705,894	99,486	5,805,380	
2032-2034			555,888	2,779	555,888	2,779	558,667	
Total	\$ 755,852	\$ 37,794	\$ 17,673,571	\$ 729,178	\$ 18,429,423	\$ 766,972	\$ 19,196,395	

^{*} Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System

Changes in long-term liabilities as a summary for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	J	Balance [an. 1, 2016]		Additions	R	eductions		Balance c. 31, 2016		e Within ne Year
Compensated absences	\$	444,862	\$	406,896	\$	405,959	\$	445,799	\$	40,122
Other post employment benefits		1,142,571		170,641		-		1,313,212		-
Pension Liability		2,923,914		644,445		-		3,568,359		-
Loans payable		19,682,456		-		1,253,033	1	8,429,423	1	,225,162
2012 sewer revenue bonds		3,903,947		-		525,289		3,378,658		535,741
		_	-							
Total long-term liabilities	\$	28,097,750	\$	1,221,982	\$	2,184,281	\$ 2	7,135,451	\$ 1	,801,025

Note 4 – Capital Assets

Capital assets are stated at historical cost. Whenever historical cost is not known, assets are recorded based upon engineering study estimates. Projects constructed or donated by developers, local governments or customers are stated at acquisition value at the time contributed.

Costs for major additions and improvements, when they increase efficiency or effectiveness, are capitalized if the District's capitalization threshold is met-a purchase or construction cost greater than \$5,000 and with a useful life of more than one year. Normal maintenance and repairs are charged to operations as incurred. Gains or losses realized from the sale or disposition of capital assets are reflected in the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

Estimating the useful lives of capital assets requires the exercise of management judgment and actual lives may differ from these estimates. Changes to these initial estimates are made when appropriate.

Depreciation is computed on capital assets when the assets are placed into service using the straight-line method over their estimated useful life as follows:

Buildings	50 years
Improvements other than buildings	50 years
Machinery, furniture and equipment	5 - 20 years
Intangible assets	5 - 20 years

The District records the preliminary project costs, as well as construction disbursements, in a construction work-in-progress account (CWIP) until final completion is determined before transferring these costs to a utility plant in service account.

The following schedule of capital assets is recorded at historical costs with any related additions due to purchases or utility plant brought into service. In 2016, the District incurred \$4,335,235 in CWIP project costs (i.e. pump stations, pump station improvements and force mains) of which \$2,510,434 was for the construction of the Glenwood and Royle Road pump stations, with 2016 project costs of \$1,097,556 and \$1,412,878, respectively. The District transferred \$31,320,392 from CWIP into service, including the Discovery Corridor Wastewater Transmission System (DCWTS) project at a total cost of \$28,655,727.

The District and the City of Battle Ground, through an Interlocal Agreement, own 100% of the treatment capacity rights of the Salmon Creek Treatment Plant, owned by the Alliance, with the District having the majority share. This intangible asset, per GASB Statement No. 51, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets," is recognized in our capital assets as "future treatment capacity rights," at a value at December 31, 2016 of \$29,115,902.

Capital assets activity for the year ended December 31, 2016, is as follows:

Note 4 – Capital Assets (Continued)

			Balance			
	Balance	Prior period	Jan. 1, 2016	Additions	Retirements	Balance
	Jan. 1, 2016	adjustment	Restated	& Transfers	& Transfers	Dec. 31, 2016
CAPITAL ASSETS - NONDEPRECIABLE:						
Land and land rights	\$ 753,751	\$ -	\$ 753,751	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 753,751
Construction work-in-progress	32,147,948	(657,506)	31,490,442	4,335,235	31,320,392	4,505,285
Total capital assets - nondepreciable	32,901,699	(657,506)	32,244,193	4,335,235	31,320,392	5,259,036
CAPITAL ASSETS - DEPRECIABLE:						
Collection and transmission system	132,456,448	(153,536)	132,302,912	38,261,273	-	170,564,185
Buildings	3,727,071	-	3,727,071	-	-	3,727,071
Pumping stations	14,850,599	-	14,850,599	74,647	7,375	14,917,871
Machinery, furniture and equipment	2,803,267	-	2,803,267	484,736	49,401	3,238,602
Intangible assets, including future treatment capacity rights	85,757,438		85,757,438	6,149		85,763,587
Total capital assets - depreciable	239,594,823	(153,536)	239,441,287	38,826,805	56,776	278,211,316
LESS ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION:						
Collection and transmission system	(37,035,883)	1,716	(37,034,167)	(3,332,119)	-	(40,366,286)
Buildings	(1,330,461)	-	(1,330,461)	(81,248)	-	(1,411,709)
Pumping stations	(2,534,140)	-	(2,534,140)	(334,597)	(7,375)	(2,861,362)
Machinery, furniture and equipment	(2,249,071)	-	(2,249,071)	(149,048)	(49,401)	(2,348,718)
Intangible assets, including future treatment capacity rights	(51,568,830)	-	(51,568,830)	(5,048,383)	-	(56,617,213)
Total accumulated depreciation	(94,718,385)	1,716	(94,716,669)	(8,945,395)	(56,776)	(103,605,288)
Total capital assets - depreciable, Net	144,876,438	(151,820)	144,724,618	29,881,410		174,606,028
Total capital assets, Net	\$177,778,137	\$ (809,326)	\$176,968,811	\$ 34,216,645	\$ 31,320,392	\$ 179,865,064

Note 5 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District is legally authorized to invest in the types of investments included in the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) 36.29.020. All of the investments and deposits held at December 31, 2016, comply with the provisions of that code section and with the District's investment policy adopted by Board Resolution. The District's deposits and investments are managed daily by the District Finance Director/Treasurer.

Cash and Cash Equivalents – Custodial risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. The District has an adopted policy that addresses deposit custodial risk; however, the District deposits and certificates of deposit are entirely insured by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held in a municipal financial institution collateral pool administered by the Washington Public Deposit Protection Commission (WPDPC) or through the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). In the event of a bank failure, claims for the District's deposits would be satisfied by the FDIC or from the sale of collateral held in the WPDPC pool. The District's investment policy provides that whenever there are more than sufficient funds or cash balances to meet current expenses payable, a portion of such funds or balances as deemed expedient may be invested as either short term or long term investments.

For short term investments, cash equivalents, the District utilizes both the Washington State Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which is reported at amortized cost, and Clark County Investment Pool (CCIP), reported at fair value. The LGIP transacts with its participants at a stable net asset value per share and meets the portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, liquidity and shadow pricing requirements that allows it to report at amortized costs. Further, the LGIP is classified as an unrated 2a-7 investment pool per the Securities and Exchange Commission. The CCIP is also an unrated fund and is not SEC-registered. Authority to manage the Pool is derived from the Revised Code of Washington (RCW) in RCW 36.29.022. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The weighted average maturities of the LGIP and CCIP are less than three (3) months and approximately one (1) year, respectively, with cash available to the District on demand. The on demand availability of these funds defines them as cash equivalent liquid investments and not subject to interest rate risk. Cash investments are not subject to interest rate risk or any market value reporting requirement as defined by GASB 31. All LGIP investments are either obligations of the United States government, government-sponsored enterprises, or insured demand deposit accounts and certificates of deposits, meaning credit risk is very limited. The investments are either fully insured or fully held by a third party custody provider in the name of the LGIP. The LGIP is audited by the Washington State Auditor's Office and regulated by Washington RCWs and the LGIP Advisory Committee. The CCIP is overseen by the Clark County Finance Committee and is audited annually by the Washington State Auditor's Office and regulated by Washington RCWs.

Note 5 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2016, the District's cash and cash equivalents are as follows:

	2016
Cash and cash equivalents:	
Bank depository and checking accounts	\$ 2,720,244
Travel advance	2,500
Petty cash / change drawers	1,250
Washington State Local Government Investment Pool	3,478,508
Clark County Investment Pool	 13,994,638
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,197,140

Investments – The District's investment policy provides that whenever there are more than sufficient funds or cash balances to meet current expenses payable, a portion of such funds or balances as deemed expedient may be invested as either short term or long term investments.

It is the District's policy to invest funds in a manner that:

- 1. Provides maximum security that the investment proceeds will be returned upon maturity
- 2. Provides adequate liquidity to meet cash needs
- 3. Provides the greatest return on investment

The District's investment policy limits to 25.0% any one type of issuer of security, but excludes this limitation in relation to obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government, as well as the Washington State Local Government Investment Pool and Clark County Investment Pool. Investments in securities issued by U.S. government-sponsored enterprises, repurchase agreements, banker's acceptances, certificates of deposits and notes of designated public depositories are held to this limitation.

Investments Measured at Amortized Cost

As of December 31, 2016, the District had the following investments at amortized cost:

Investment	<u>Maturities</u>	 Total
Washington State Local Government Investment Pool	N/A	\$ 3,478,508
Total		\$ 3,478,508

These are reported as amortized cost because the State Pool has elected to measure in this manner. The only restriction on withdrawals from the State Investment Pool is when a deposit is received by ACH. In this case, a five day waiting period exists.

Note 5 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

Investments Measured at Fair Value

The District measures and records its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted process in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: These are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are observable.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

At December 31, 2016, the District had the following recurring fair value measurements:

		Fair Value Measurement Using:					
		Quo	ted Prices in				
		Act	ive Markets	Signi	ficant Other	Sig	nificant
		fc	or Identical	Observable		Unobserval	
Investment by Fair Value Level	Total	Assets (Level 1)		Inputs (Level 2)		Inputs (Level 3	
Clark County Investment Pool	\$ 13,994,638	\$	13,994,638	\$	-	\$	-
Investment Securities							
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,997,790		-		1,997,790		-
Federal Home Loan Bank	2,004,090		-		2,004,090		-
U.S. Treasury Notes	10,993,660		10,993,660		-		-
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4,981,080				4,981,080		
	\$ 33,971,258	\$	24,988,298	\$	8,982,960	\$	-
Maximum investment by maturity	100%		74%		26%		0%

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in an event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction the District would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities. The level of custodial credit risk relates to the level of insurance a financial institution will provide if financial difficulties were to occur that would affect District deposits. The amount of collateral a financial institution will pledge as security for the deposits and the level of creditworthiness the financial institution has with regard to such security will determine the level of custodial credit risk that exists. The District at year-end did not have any security lending or reverse repurchase agreements. District deposits and investments are either insured or held by an agent in the District's name.

Interest rate risk relates to how the fair value of an investment may adversely be affected by changes in interest rates. With regard to interest rate risk, the District's investment policy requires that investments be matched to anticipated cash flow requirements to the extent possible. Unless matched to a specified time period with regard to cash flows, investments in securities shall be five (5) years or less from the date of purchase providing that the average maturity of the portfolio shall not exceed two and one-half (2-1/2) years. This policy assists the District in limiting its exposure to changes in the fair value of its investments.

Note 5 – Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments (Continued)

As to credit risk, which is a risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District's investment policy states the Finance Director is empowered to invest in the security instruments authorized in Washington RCW 36.29.020. The District invests in no more than 25.0% of any one type of issuer except as stated above. All investments held by the District at year-end 2016 had a credit quality rating of AA+ by Standard and Poor's.

In following GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures," the District has chosen to use the segmented time distribution format and include the credit ratings of the security issuers with regard to its investments as of December 31, 2016.

		Investment Maturities (in Ye		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1		1 - 5
Clark County Investment Pool	\$ 13,994,638	\$ 13,994,638	\$	-
Federal National Mortgage Association	1,997,790	1,997,790		-
Federal Home Loan Bank	2,004,090	2,004,090		-
U.S. Treasury Notes	10,993,660	6,000,570		4,993,090
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	4,981,080			4,981,080
	\$ 33,971,258	\$ 23,997,088	\$	9,974,170
Maximum investment by maturity	100%	71%		29%

Investments in any one issue that exceeds 5% and are not obligations of, or guaranteed by, the U.S. government, as of December 31, 2016:

Investment Type	Percent	I	Fair Value
Federal National Mortgage Association	5%	\$	1,997,790
Federal Home Loan Bank	5%		2,004,090
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	13%		4,981,080
		\$	8,982,960

A reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and investments as reported in the Statement of Net Position at December 31, is as follows:

		2016
Cash and cash equivalents - unrestricted		\$ 19,655,375
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		541,765
Investment securities (at fair value)		19,976,620
	Total	\$ 40,173,760

Note 6 – Risk Management

Clark Regional Wastewater District is a member of the Water and Sewer Risk Management Pool (Pool). Chapter 48.62 RCW authorizes the governing body of any one or more governmental entities to form together into or join a pool or organization for the joint purchasing of insurance, and/or joint self-insuring, and/or joint hiring or contracting for risk management services to the same extent that they may individually purchase insurance, self-insurance, or hire or contract for risk management services. An agreement to form a pooling arrangement was made pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 39.34 RCW, the Interlocal Cooperation Act. The Pool was formed in November 1987 when water and sewer districts in the State of Washington joined together by signing an Interlocal Governmental Agreement to pool their self-insured losses and jointly purchase insurance and administrative services. The Pool currently has 62 members. The Pool's fiscal year is November 1st through October 31st.

The Pool allows members to jointly purchase insurance coverage, establish a plan of self-insurance coverage, and provide related services, such as risk management and loss prevention. The Pool provides the following forms of group purchased insurance coverage for its members: Property (including Building, Electronic Data Processing, Boiler and Machinery, and Mobile Equipment); General Liability; Automotive Liability; Excess Liability, Crime; Public Officials Liability; Identity Fraud Reimbursement Program; and bonds of various types. All coverages are on an "occurrence" basis.

Members make an annual contribution to fund the Pool. The Pool purchases insurance policies from unrelated underwriters as follows:

Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)

TYPE OF COVERAGE	MEMBER	SELF-INSURED	EXCESS LIMITS
	DEDUCTIBLE	RETENTION/GROUP	
Property Loss:			
Buildings and Contents	\$1,000 - \$25,000 and See	\$25,000	\$1,000,000,000
	(C) below		
Flood	See (A) below	See (A) below	\$50,000,000
Earthquake	See (B) below	See (B) below	\$110,000,000
			(\$75,000,000 shared by all
			members, \$25,000,000
			dedicated to Alderwood,
			\$5,000,000 dedicated to
			Sammamish Plateau, and
			\$5,000,000 dedicated to
			Cascade Water Alliance)
Terrorism	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$100,000,000
		Primary layer	Primary layer
Boiler & Machinery	\$1,000 - \$350,000	\$25,000 - \$350,000	\$100,000,000
	depending on object	depending on object	
Auto - Physical Damage	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$10,000,000
Liability:			
Commercial General Liability	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$200,000	\$10,000,000
Auto Liability	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$200,000	\$10,000,000
Public Officials Errors			
and Omissions	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$200,000	\$10,000,000
Employment Practices	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$200,000	\$10,000,000
Other:			
Public Officials Bonds	Various	N/A	Various
Crime	\$1,000 - \$25,000	\$25,000	\$2,000,000
Identity Fraud	\$0	\$0	\$25,000

A. $$100,\!000$ member deductibles, per occurrence, in Flood zones except Zones A&V; $$250,\!000$ member deductible per occurrence, in Flood Zones A&V.

Pool members are responsible for a deductible on each coverage and the Pool is responsible for the remainder of the self-insured retention listed in the table above except where noted as follows. The insurance carriers then cover the loss to the maximum limit of the policy. Each member is responsible for the full deductible applicable to the perils of earthquake and flood (the Pool is not responsible for any deductible or self-insured retention for earthquake and flood claims). Each member is also responsible for the full deductible applicable to the Cyber Liability, and that part of a Boiler & Machinery deductible, which exceeds \$25,000.

B. Member deductible for earthquakes is 5% subject to \$100,000 minimum Earthquake Shock. The deductible will apply per occurrence on a per unit basis, as defined in the policy form, subject to the stated minimum.

C. Member deductible for Cyber Liability is \$100,000 and where applicable the dollar amount of the business interruption loss during the policy's required 8 hour waiting period.

Note 6 – Risk Management (Continued)

Upon joining, the members contract to remain in the Pool for one full policy period. Following completion of one full policy period, members must give six months' notice before terminating participation (e.g. to withdraw from the Pool on November 1, 2017, written notice must be in possession of the Pool by April 30, 2017). The Interlocal Governmental Agreement is renewed automatically each year. Even after termination of relationship with the Pool, a member is still responsible for contributions to the Pool for any unresolved, unreported, and in process claims, for the period that the District was a signatory to the Interlocal Governmental Agreement.

The Pool is fully funded by its member participants. Claims are filed by members with the Pool who determines coverage and performs claims adjustment in consultation with Arcadia Claims Services and Adjusters Northwest.

The Pool is governed by a Board of Directors, which is comprised of one designated representative from each participating member. An Executive Committee is elected at the annual meeting, and is responsible for overseeing the business affairs of the Pool and providing policy direction to the Pool's Executive Director.

The following schedule depicts the property claims filed by the District with the Pool for the years 2016, 2015 and 2014 and the amounts covered by insurance.

		Claims	In	surance	Excess o	f Claim Cost
Years	Set	tlements	C	overage	Over	Coverage
2016	\$	13,280	\$	11,280	\$	2,000
2015		89,118		85,812		3,306
2014		9,085		7,085		2,000

As of December 31, 2016, there was one outstanding claim filed with the pool with a minimal expected cost to the District. The District recognizes no potential liability for any additional settlements for outstanding future claims. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage in the last three years.

The District is self-insured for employee unemployment claims and has set aside funds to cover the actual cost of unemployment insurance. This unemployment reserve was established as required by Washington State Law for a reimbursable employer. In 2016, the District had one unemployment claim totaling \$2,361.

Note 7 – Pension Plans

The following table represents the aggregate pension amounts for all plans subject to the requirements of the GASB Statement 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* for the year 2016:

Aggregate Pension Amounts – All Plans					
Pension liabilities	\$	3,568,359			
Deferred outflows of resources		634,345			
Deferred inflows of resources		64,322			
Pension expense/expenditures		393,799			

State Sponsored Pension Plans

Substantially all District full-time and qualifying part-time employees participate in one of the following statewide retirement systems administered by the Washington State Department of Retirement Systems, retirement plans. The state Legislature establishes and amends laws pertaining to the creation and administration of all public retirement systems.

The Department of Retirement Systems (DRS), a department within the primary government of the State of Washington, issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for each plan. The DRS CAFR may be obtained by writing to:

Department of Retirement Systems Communications Unit P.O. Box 48380 Olympia, WA 98540-8380

Or the DRS CAFR may be downloaded from the DRS website at www.drs.wa.gov.

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

PERS members include elected officials; state employees; employees of the Supreme, Appeals and Superior Courts; employees of the legislature; employees of district and municipal courts; employees of local governments; and higher education employees not participating in higher education retirement programs. PERS is comprised of three separate pension plans for membership purposes. PERS plans 1 and 2 are defined benefit plans, and PERS plan 3 is a defined benefit plan with a defined contribution component.

PERS Plan 1 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as two percent of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service. The AFC is the average of the member's 24 highest consecutive service months. Members are eligible for retirement from active status at any age with at least 30 years of service, at age 55 with at least 25 years of service, or at age 60 with at least five years of service. Members retiring from active status prior to the age of 65 may receive actuarially reduced benefits. Retirement benefits are actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, an optional cost-of-living adjustment (COLA), and a one-time duty-related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 1 members were vested after the completion of five years of eligible service. The plan was closed to new entrants on September 30, 1977.

Contributions

The **PERS Plan 1** member contribution rate is established by State statute at 6.0%. The employer contribution rate is developed by the Office of the State Actuary and includes an administrative expense component that is currently set at 0.18%. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 1 employer contribution rates. The PERS Plan 1 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2016 were as follows:

PERS Plan 1		
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer	Employee
PERS Plan 1	6.23%	6.00%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.77%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Total	11.18%	6.00%

PERS Plan 2/3 provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 2.0% of the member's average final compensation (AFC) times the member's years of service for Plan 2 and 1.0% of AFC for Plan 3. The AFC is the average of the member's 60 highest-paid consecutive service months. There is no cap on years of service credit. Members are eligible for retirement with a full benefit at 65 with at least five years of service credit. Retirement before age 65 is considered an early retirement. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have at least 20 years of service credit and are 55 years of age or older, are eligible for early retirement with a benefit that is reduced by a factor that varies according to age for each year before age 65. PERS Plan 2/3 members who have 30 or more years of service credit and are at least 55 years old can retire under one of two provisions:

- With a benefit that is reduced by three percent for each year before age 65; or
- With a benefit that has a smaller (or no) reduction (depending on age) that imposes stricter return-to-work rules.

PERS Plan 2/3 members hired on or after May 1, 2013 have the option to retire early by accepting a reduction of 5.0% for each year of retirement before age 65. This option is available only to those who are age 55 or older and have at least 30 years of service credit. PERS Plan 2/3 retirement benefits are also actuarially reduced to reflect the choice of a survivor benefit. Other PERS Plan 2/3 benefits include duty and non-duty disability payments, a cost-of-living allowance (based on the CPI), capped at 3.0% annually and a one-time duty related death benefit, if found eligible by the Department of Labor and Industries. PERS 2 members are vested after completing five (5) years of eligible service. Plan 3 members are vested in the defined benefit portion of their plan after 10 years of service; or after five (5) years of service if 12 months of that service are earned after age 44.

PERS Plan 3 defined contribution benefits are totally dependent on employee contributions and investment earnings on those contributions. PERS Plan 3 members choose their contribution rate upon joining membership and have a chance to change rates upon changing employers. As established by

statute, Plan 3 required defined contribution rates are set at a minimum of 5.0% and escalate to 15.0% with a choice of six options. Employers do not contribute to the defined contribution benefits. PERS Plan 3 members are immediately vested in the defined contribution portion of their plan.

Contributions

The PERS Plan 2/3 employer and employee contribution rates are developed by the Office of the State Actuary to fully fund Plan 2 and the defined benefit portion of Plan 3. The Plan 2/3 employer rates include a component to address the PERS Plan 1 UAAL and an administrative expense that is currently set at 0.18.0%. Each biennium, the state Pension Funding Council adopts Plan 2 employer and employee contribution rates and Plan 3 contribution rates. The PERS Plan 2/3 required contribution rates (expressed as a percentage of covered payroll) for 2016 were as follows:

PERS Plan 2/3		
Actual Contribution Rates:	Employer 2/3	Employee 2
PERS Plan 2/3	6.23%	6.12%
PERS Plan 1 UAAL	4.77%	
Administrative Fee	0.18%	
Employee PERS Plan 3		varies
Total	11.18%	6.12%

The District's actual PERS plan contributions were \$174,276 to PERS Plan 1 and \$227,619 to PERS Plan 2/3 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) for each of the DRS plans was determined using the most recent actuarial valuation completed in 2016 with a valuation date of June 30, 2015. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the Office of the State Actuary's (OSA) 2007-2012 Experience Study.

Additional assumptions for subsequent events and law changes are current as of the 2015 actuarial valuation report. The TPL was calculated as of the valuation date and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2016. Plan liabilities were rolled forward from June 30, 2015, to June 30, 2016, reflecting each plan's normal cost (using the entry-age cost method), assumed interest and actual benefit payments.

- **Inflation:** 3.0% total economic inflation; 3.75% salary inflation
- Salary increases: In addition to the base 3.75% salary inflation assumption, salaries are also expected to grow by promotions and longevity.
- Investment rate of return: 7.5%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 report's Combined Healthy Table and Combined Disabled Table, published by the Society of Actuaries. The OSA applied offsets to the base table and recognized future improvements in mortality by projecting the mortality rates using 100% Scale BB. Mortality rates are applied on a generational basis; meaning, each member is assumed to receive additional mortality improvements in each future year throughout his or her lifetime.

There were minor changes in methods and assumptions since the last valuation:

- For all systems, except LEOFF Plan 2, the assumed valuation interest rate was lowered from 7.8% to 7.7%. Assumed administrative factors were updated.
- Valuation software was corrected on how the nonduty disability benefits for LEOFF Plan 2 active members is calculated.
- New LEOFF Plan 2 benefit definitions were added within the OSA valuation software to model legislation signed into law during the 2015 legislative session.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability for all DRS plans was 7.5%.

To determine that rate, an asset sufficiency test included an assumed 7.7% long-term discount rate to determine funding liabilities for calculating future contribution rate requirements. (All plans use 7.7% except LEOFF 2, which has assumed 7.5%). Consistent with the long-term expected rate of return, a 7.5% future investment rate of return on invested assets was assumed for the test. Contributions from plan members and employers are assumed to continue being made at contractually required rates (including PERS 2/3, PSERS 2, SERS 2/3, and TRS 2/3 employers, whose rates include a component for the PERS 1, and TRS 1 plan liabilities). Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.5% was used to determine the total liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the DRS pension plan investments of 7.5% was determined using a building-block-method. The Washington State Investment Board (WSIB) used a best estimate of expected future rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation) to develop each major asset class. Those expected returns make up one component of WSIB's capital market assumptions. The WSIB uses the capital market assumptions and their target asset allocation to simulate future investment returns at various future times. The long-term expected rate of return of 7.5% approximately equals the median of the simulated investment returns over a 50-year time horizon.

Estimated Rates of Return by Asset Class

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2016, are summarized in the table below. The inflation component used to create the table is 2.2% and represents the WSIB's most recent long-term estimate of broad economic inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	% Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return Arithmetic
Fixed Income	20%	1.70%
Tangible Assets	5%	4.40%
Real Estate	15%	5.80%
Global Equity	37%	6.60%
Private Equity	23%	9.60%
	100%	

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability

The table below presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease		Cı	Current Discount		1% Increase	
		(6.5%)		Rate (7.5%)		(8.5%)	
PERS 1	\$	1,953,431	\$	1,619,895	\$	1,332,867	
PERS 2/3	\$	3,587,473	\$	1,948,464	\$	(1,014,288)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the State's pension plans' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued DRS financial report.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a total pension liability of \$3,568,359 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities as follows:

	 Liability
PERS 1	\$ 1,619,895
PERS 2/3	\$ 1,948,464

At June 30, 2015, the District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liabilities was as follows:

	Proportionate	Proportionate	Change in
	Share 6/30/15	Share 6/30/16	Proportion
PERS 1	0.029695%	0.030163%	0.000468%
PERS 2/3	0.038359%	0.038699%	0.000340%

Employer contribution transmittals received and processed by the DRS for the fiscal year ended June 30 are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the collective pension amounts reported by the DRS in the *Schedules of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations* for all plans except LEOFF 1.

The collective net pension liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the actuarial valuation date on which the total pension liability (asset) is based was as of June 30, 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date.

Pension Expense

For the year ended December 31, 2016, the District recognized pension expense as follows:

	Pension Expense		
PERS 1	\$	111,852	
PERS 2/3		281,947	
TOTAL	\$	393,799	

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

At December 31, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

PERS 1	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$ 40,786	\$ -
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 87,936	-
TOTAL	\$ 128,722	-

Note 7 – Pension Plans (Continued)

PERS 2/3	Οι	Deferred Outflows of Resources		eferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	103,754	\$	64,322
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	\$	238,434	\$	-
Changes of assumptions	\$	20,139	\$	-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	\$	28,445	\$	-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	114,851	\$	-
TOTAL	\$	505,623	\$	64,322

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31:	PERS 1			PERS 2/3
2017	\$	(10,042)	\$	12,081
2018	\$	(10,042)	\$	12,081
2019	\$	37,458	\$	188,616
2020	\$	23,412	\$	113,672
2021	\$	-	\$	-
Thereafter	\$	-	\$	-

Note 8 – Deferred Compensation Plan

The District offers its employees two deferred compensation plans created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The International City Managers Association (ICMA) and the Washington Department of Retirement Services (DRS) each administer one of the two plans. The plans are available to all District employees, which allow a deferral of a portion of their taxable wages until future years. A distribution from the deferred compensation plans to an employee is allowed at termination of employment, retirement, death or under certain emergencies. The District does not administer or manage the deferred compensation plans but instead, all amounts are the property of the employee.

Note 9 – Construction and Other Significant Commitments

The District has construction commitments resulting from active consultant and construction projects, including restoration and replacement projects, as of December 31, 2016 exceeding \$100,000 as follows:

Project	tal Awarded Contract ommitment	Remaining on Contract		
Glenwood Pump Station Upgrade	\$ 2,003,016	\$ 1,479,959	\$	523,057
NE 82 Street DII	103,358	99,941		3,417
NE 78th Street Trunk	248,880	158,920		89,960
Highway 99 Sewer South (NE 63 St to NE 78 St)	2,364,341	2,281,183		83,158
Royle Road Pump Station	 2,760,759	 1,447,727		1,313,032
	\$ 7,480,354	\$ 5,467,730	\$	2,012,624

There are no other significant commitments as of December 31, 2016.

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Plan Description – The District participates in a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) plan. This plan is administered by the Health Care Authority (HCA) per RCW 41.05.065, the Public Employees Benefits Board (PEBB) created within the HCA, is authorized to design benefits and determine the terms and conditions of employee and retired employee participation and coverage, including establishment of eligibility criteria for both active and retired employees. PEBB programs include medical, dental, life and long-term disability. Benefits are offered to retirees at a subsidized rate.

The benefits are provided in accordance with a substantive plan, in which the plan terms are understood by the employers and plan member, but not formalized in a contract or plan document. The PEBB retiree OPEB plan is available to employees who elect to continue coverage and pay the administratively established premiums at the time they retire under the provisions of the retirement system to which they belong.

As of year-end 2016, there were four (4) District employees that had retired and were receiving these benefits.

This OPEB plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report but it is included in the report of the State of Washington, Office of Financial Management. This report can be obtained from the following website: http://www.ofm.wa.gov/cafr/.

Funding Policy – This plan is currently not funded. The District was required to contribute \$203,373 at December 31, 2016; \$12,359 was contributed. The amount contributed differs from the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) because the plan is financed on a pay-as-you-go-basis. The difference between the OPEB Costs and the required contribution is called the Net OPEB Obligation (NOO). This amount of \$1,313,212 is the actuarial accrued liability recognized on the *Statement of Net Position* at December 31, 2016.

The total Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) is \$1,498,961 at December 31, 2016. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,653,591 and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 41.0%.

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Fiscal			Percentage of							
Year	An	nual OPEB			Net OPEB					
Ended	Cost		Cor	tributions	Costs Contributed		Obligation			
2016	\$	183,000	\$	12,359	6.8%	\$	1,313,212			
2015		200,655		6,732	3.4%		1,142,571			
2014		119,506		-	0.0%		948,647			

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The District's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is determined based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the alternative measurement method permitted under GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation.

	 2016
Actuarial Required Contribution	\$ 203,373
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (NOO)	45,702
Adjustment to NOO	 (66,075)
Annual OPEB Cost	183,000
Employer Contributions	 12,359
Increase (Decrease) in NOO	170,641
Net OPEB Obligation January 1	 1,142,571
Net OPEB Obligation December 31	\$ 1,313,212

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions – The actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about retirement ages, mortality and the healthcare cost trend. The actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Additionally, calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the plan at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations on the pattern of cost sharing between the employer and plan members in the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. The specific actuarial methods and significant assumptions used to determine the ARC for the current year are as follows:

Valuation Date	12/31/2016
Actuarial Cost Method	Projected Unit Credit
Method used to determine the actuarial value of assets	N/A
Interest Rate for Discounting Future Liabilities	4.00%
Projected Payroll Growth	3.75%
Investment Return	N/A
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Initial	6.7%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate - Ultimate	4.5%
Amortization Period - Open	30

Note 10 – Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) (Continued)

We used the alternative measurement method permitted under GASB 45. A single retirement age of 62.40 was assumed for all active members to determine the AAL and normal cost. Retirement, disablement, termination, and mortality rates were assumed to follow the PERS 2 rates used in the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation report issued by the Office of the State Actuary (OSA). Healthcare costs and trends were determined by Milliman and used by OSA in the state-side PEBB study performed in 2015. The results were based on grouped data with four (4) active groupings and four (4) inactive groups. The actuarial cost method used to determine the AAL was Projected Unit Credit. The AAL and NOO are amortized on an open basis as a level dollar over 30 years. These assumptions are individually and collectively reasonable for the purposes of this valuation.

Note 11 – Capital Contributions

Capital contributions – Capital contributions recognized annually included in changes in net position include assets constructed by developers then donated to the District, connections fees charged for capital improvements and reimbursement for local facility improvements previously funded by the District.

	2016
Capital contributions from developers, governments and other sources	\$ 7,015,528
Capital contributions from system development charges	7,583,679
Capital contributions from local facility reimbursements	112,712
Total	\$ 14,711,919

Note 12 – Joint Venture/Related Party Transactions

Discovery Clean Water Alliance (Alliance) – In 2012, Clark County, Clark Regional Wastewater District (District) and the Cities of Battle Ground and Ridgefield reached an agreement on the optimum structure for a regional wastewater transmission and treatment utility to meet the needs of the agencies and community for the next generation. The Interlocal Formation Agreement (IFA), signed on September 27, 2012, represents the culmination of five years of study, and provided the foundation to create a new regional utility entity, the Alliance, under the empowerment of Chapter 39.106 RCW – the Joint Municipal Utility Services Act (JMUSA). The Alliance was incorporated with the Washington Secretary of State on January 4, 2013. The Alliance is governed by a four member board, one elected official from each entity, and was established to provide wastewater transmission and treatment services to the citizenry of the respective participating members.

As the managing partner or "Administrative Lead" for the Alliance, the task of implementing steps to fulfill the vision of the partner agencies fell largely to the District. A two year transition work program was initiated in 2013 and continued through 2014. A series of initial resolutions and agreements were approved by the Alliance Board at its first official meeting on January 18, 2013, to establish the legal framework for the Alliance.

Regional Service Charges, fees paid by Members to the Alliance, are consistent with the Financial Policies of the Alliance. The basic principle of the Finance Policies is that each Member's responsibility for Regional Asset operating costs will be based on actual use of the regional services during the previous year or years, as measured by Average Annual Flow in the Regional Assets, and that each Member's responsibility for capital costs will be based on agreed-upon Allocated Capacity in the Regional Assets. With all wastewater flows and allocated capacities in Regional Assets currently coming from two Members, the District and City of Battle Ground, these two Members now fund all operating and capital costs of the Alliance.

Each Member, as pledged through the IFA adoption, also agrees to establish, maintain and collect rates, fees or other charges for wastewater or other services, facilities and commodities related to the services it receives from the Alliance and its own wastewater utility, and maintain reserves to provide revenues sufficient for the Member to make all payments required under this Agreement.

During 2016, the District paid \$7,576,246 to the Alliance for Regional Service Charges, as budgeted by the District and Alliance. The District billed the Alliance \$636,532 for Administration Lead services provided, which includes both staff time and expenses for professional consulting, IT support, insurance and various utilities expenses. More information about the Alliance, including the 2016 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, can be can be found on their website at http://www.discoverycwa.org/.

Note 13 – Prior Period Adjustments

Prior period adjustments have been recorded related to the following:

Description	Amount	
Change in capital asset policy resulting in expensing of assets previously capitalized	\$	(827,352)
Correction of revenues and expenses recorded as a related		
party liability		7,316
Adjustment to value of assets donated in the prior year		18,026
Total prior period adjustments	\$	(802,010)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN OTHER THAN PENSION RETIREE MEDICAL BENEFITS SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liabilities Entry Age	Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered Payroll	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
12/31/14	12/31/14	-	829,287	829,287	0.0%	3,289,190	25.2%
12/31/15	12/31/15	-	1,525,759	1,525,759	0.0%	3,503,486	43.5%
12/31/16	12/31/16	-	1,498,961	1,498,961	0.0%	3,653,591	41.0%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS 1 AS OF JUNE 30 LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Year	Employer's proportion of	Employer's proportionate		Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	Plan fiduciary net position as a	
Ended	the net pension	share of the net	Covered	liability as a percentage of	percentage of the total	
June 30,	liability (asset)	pension liability	payroll	covered payroll	pension liability	
2014 2015 2016	0.029187% 0.029695% 0.030163%	\$ 1,470,309 1,553,325 1,619,895	\$3,188,944 3,403,683 3,586,324	46.11% 45.64% 45.17%	61.19% 59.10% 57.03%	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PERS 2/3 AS OF JUNE 30 LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

Year	Employer's proportion of the	Employer's proportionate				Employer's proportionate share of the net pension	Plan fiduciary net position as a		
Ended	net pension	sha	share of the net		hare of the net Covered		Covered	liability as a percentage of	percentage of the
June 30,	liability (asset)	pen	pension liability		payroll	covered payroll	total pension liability		
2014	0.037579%	\$	759,607	\$	3,188,944	23.82%	93.29%		
2015	0.038359%		1,370,589		3,403,683	40.27%	89.20%		
2016	0.038699%		1,948,464		3,586,324	54.33%	85.82%		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERS 1 AS OF DECEMBER 31 LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	Sta	tutorily or	Contribu	utions in relation							
Year Ended	coı	ntractually	to the	statutorily or	Contr	ribution			Contributions as		
December	1	required	contrac	contractually required		contractually required		ciency	Co	vered	a percentage of
31,	31, contribution		co	contributions		(excess)		(excess)		yroll	covered payroll
2014	\$	132,731	\$	(132,731)	\$	-	\$ 3,2	289,190	4.04%		
2015		153,801		(153,801)		-	\$ 3,5	503,486	4.39%		
2016		174,276		(174,276)		-	\$ 3,6	553,591	4.77%		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERS 2/3 AS OF DECEMBER 31 LAST THREE FISCAL YEARS

	Sta	tutorily or	Contribu	utions in relation						
Year Ended	con	ntractually	to the	statutorily or	Contr	ribution		Contributions as		
December	December requi		contrac	ctually required	defi	ciency	Covered	a percentage of		
31,	contributions		31, contribu		co	contributions (exc		cess)	payroll	covered payroll
2014	\$	164,282	\$	(164,282)	\$	-	\$ 3,289,190	4.99%		
2015		197,516		(197,516)		-	3,503,486	5.64%		
2016		227,619		(227,619)		-	3,653,591	6.23%		

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PENSION

Note 1 – Information Provided

The District implemented GASB 68 for the year ended December 31, 2015; therefore, there is no data available for years prior to 2014.

Note 2 – Significant Factors

There were no changes of benefit terms, significant changes in the employees covered under the benefit terms or in the use of different assumptions.

Note 3 – Implementation of GASB 82

Covered payroll has been retrospectively presented in accordance with GASB 82, Pension Issues. Covered payroll now includes all payroll on which a contribution is based. In prior reports, Plan 1 UAAL covered payroll was included for plans other than PERS 1.

STATISTICAL	S E C T I O N		

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STATISTICAL SECTION

This portion of Clark Regional Wastewater District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information to provide a context for understanding the information in the financial statements, notes, disclosures and required supplementary information about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page		
Financial Trends			
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the			
District's financial performance and well-being changed over time.			
Revenue Capacity			
These schedules contain information to help the reader understand the District's most	68		
significant source of revenue, sewer utility charges.			
Debt Capacity			
These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the affordability of the			
District's current levels of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in	72		
the future.			
Demographic and Economic Information			
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader	75		
understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.			
Operating Information			
These schedules contain service statistics and personnel data to help the reader			
understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services	77		
provided and activities performed.			

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 1

Fiscal Year	Net Investment In Capital Assets		Restricted Net Position		Unrestricted Net Position		Total Net Position		
2007	\$	80,887,984	\$	1,680,276	\$	37,222,055	\$	119,790,315	
2008		94,862,642		2,724,083		30,436,535		128,023,260	
2009		102,076,651		2,090,078		28,741,935		132,908,664	
2010		97,964,435		2,127,929		34,712,464		134,804,828	
2011		97,647,088		2,122,351		35,440,997		135,210,436	
2012		105,309,986		-		35,193,401		140,503,387	
2013		105,412,741		_		37,157,623		142,570,364	
2014		122,930,994		_		37,021,168		159,952,162	
2015		154,191,734		541,765		29,917,794		184,651,293	*
2016		158,056,983		541,765		31,028,247		189,626,995	

^{*} In 2015, the District extinguished debt and defeased bonds for a gain in net position of \$21,153,127. The District had a Change in Accounting Principle and recorded a negative adjustment to beginning net position of \$3,067,577 for the implementation of GASB 68. In 2015, the District also had a prior period adjustment of \$233,794. The Special Item, Change in Accounting Principle and Prior Period Adjustment combine to increase the District's total increase in net position by \$18,319,344.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total

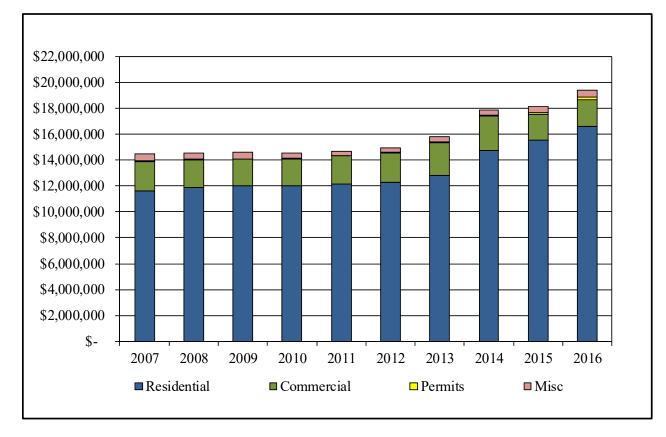
Fiscal Year	Operating Revenues	Operating Expenses	Operating Income	Non-operating Revenues (Expenses)	Income/Loss Before Capital Contributions	Capital Contributions	Special Item	Change In Net Position
2007	\$ 14,497,959	\$ 14,343,661	\$ 154,298	\$ 892,716	\$ 1,047,014	\$ 7,970,552	\$ -	\$ 9,017,566
2008	14,557,839	15,369,442	(811,603)	(290,099)	(1,101,702)	8,480,363	-	7,378,661
2009	14,612,478	15,042,717	(430,238)	(576,947)	(1,007,185)	5,893,290	-	4,886,105
2010	14,537,971	15,841,185	(1,303,214)	(1,321,779)	(2,624,993)	4,520,457	-	1,895,464
2011	14,703,386	16,695,257	(1,991,871)	(1,145,787)	(3,137,658)	3,893,612	-	755,954
2012	14,960,131	17,053,387	(2,093,256)	(2,297,482)	(4,390,738)	9,241,739	-	4,851,001
2013	15,792,555	18,842,198	(3,049,643)	(502, 153)	(3,551,796)	5,618,773	-	2,066,977
2014	17,854,720	20,888,301	(3,033,581)	(180,447)	(3,214,028)	8,753,630	11,842,196	17,381,798 *
2015	18,125,734	23,078,519	(4,952,785)	(44,492)	(4,997,277)	11,377,064	21,153,127	27,532,914 **
2016	19,383,517	29,062,822	(9,679,305)	745,098	(8,934,207)	14,711,919	-	5,777,712

^{*} The Ridgefield collection system transferred operations to the District as of January 1, 2014. As a result of the transfer of operations, the District recognized assets and liabilities for an overall increase in net position of \$11,842,196 in 2014. This was reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position as a Special Item. The 2014 collection system transfer increased our total increase in net position to \$17,381,798.

^{**} In 2015, the District extinguished debt for a gain in net position of \$12,459,376. The District also defeased bonds for a gain of \$8,693,751 in 2015. The gains from transfer of debt and bond defeasance were reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position as a Special Item. The District had a Change in Accounting Principle and recorded a negative adjustment to beginning net position of \$3,067,577. In 2015, the District also had a prior period adjustment of \$233,794. The Special Item, Change in Accounting Principle, and Prior Period Adjustment combine to increase the District's total increase in net position by \$18,319,344.

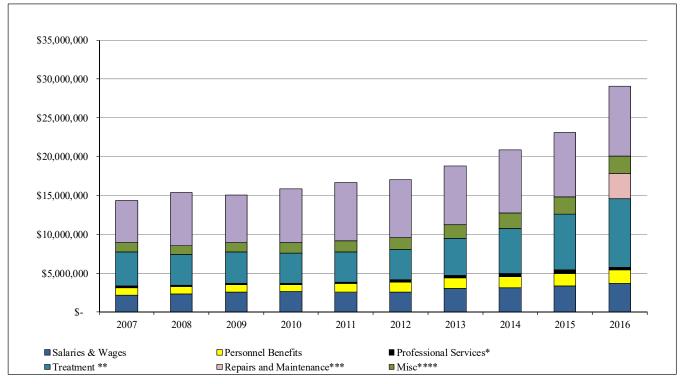
CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal		Charges fo	r Serv	rice						
Year	Residential			Commercial		Permits		Misc		Total
2007	\$	11,600,666	\$	2,253,817	\$	80,356	\$	563,120	\$	14,497,958
2008		11,878,535		2,148,626		44,955		485,723		14,557,839
2009		11,985,671		2,082,332		30,250		514,225		14,612,478
2010		12,009,830		2,069,828		38,630		419,683		14,537,971
2011		12,155,949		2,171,798		35,800		339,839		14,703,386
2012		12,288,652		2,255,023		43,925		372,531		14,960,131
2013		12,841,516		2,502,117		70,190		378,732		15,792,555
2014		14,716,673		2,679,606		101,725		356,716		17,854,720
2015		15,537,525		2,005,118		127,150		455,941		18,125,734
2016		16,598,142		2,093,801		150,445		541,129		19,383,517



CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT EXPENSES BY USE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Salaries	Personnel	Professional		Repairs and			
Year	& Wages	Benefits	Services*	Treatment **	Maintenance***	Misc****	Depr/Amort****	* Total
2007	\$ 2,207,525	\$ 889,110	\$ 263,140	\$ 4,395,611	\$ -	\$1,173,872	\$ 5,414,405	\$ 14,343,663
2008	2,318,547	1,012,088	150,459	3,944,788	-	1,105,189	6,826,915	15,357,986
2009	2,561,772	994,178	156,611	4,005,466	-	1,254,548	6,061,020	15,033,595
2010	2,629,587	931,706	145,931	3,904,777	-	1,295,660	6,933,524	15,841,185
2011	2,541,977	1,150,346	127,792	3,967,274	-	1,360,211	7,547,657	16,695,257
2012	2,586,476	1,291,415	253,808	3,899,600	-	1,520,863	7,501,225	17,053,387
2013	3,069,925	1,364,002	295,067	4,793,747	-	1,693,399	7,626,057	18,842,197
2014	3,137,875	1,429,169	380,770	5,819,114	-	1,976,104	8,145,269	20,888,301
2015	3,373,517	1,621,362	440,329	7,141,646	-	2,277,242	8,224,423	23,078,519
2016	3,710,935	1,709,566	310,235	8,876,412	3,279,762	2,230,517	8,945,395	29,062,822



- * Professional Services increased in 2015 due to increased consulting costs related to Discovery Clean Water Alliance (Alliance).
- ** Treatment costs increased significantly in 2013, 2014, 2015 and 2016, in relation to the transfer of the collection system from Ridgefield to the District in 2014, and the transfer of treatment operations from Clark County and Ridgefield to the Alliance in 2015.
- *** Repairs and maintenance is a new operating expense category in 2016, containing projects that are repair in nature.
- **** Miscellaneous expenses include supplies, insurance, taxes and other expenses.
- ****
 Depreciation/Amortization includes amortization of future treatment capacity rights (intangible asset). Depreciation expense increased in 2016 with the capitalization of the \$28 million DCWTS project and over \$7 million in donated capital assets.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

									Total	
							Other	No	n-operating	
Fiscal	Interest and		Interest	Dis	sposal of	R	levenues	Revenues		
Year	Fis	cal Charges*	Revenue	Cap	Capital Assets		(Expenses)		Expenses)	
2007	\$	(1,944,969)	\$ 2,824,249	\$	8,250	\$	5,186	\$	892,716	
2008		(1,837,075)	1,507,678		5,251		22,590		(301,556)	
2009		(1,763,519)	428,139		4,541		744,771		(586,068)	
2010		(1,598,864)	275,168		-		1,917		(1,321,779)	
2011		(1,468,083)	289,494		-		32,802		(1,145,787)	
2012		(2,471,265)	201,405		-		(27,622)		(2,297,482)	
2013		(668,591)	104,321		(15,742)		77,859		(502,153)	
2014		(670,994)	271,600		-		218,947		(180,447)	
2015		(508,173)	307,304		(123,718)		280,095		(44,492)	
2016		(172,641)	339,891		5,999		571,849		745,098	

^{*} Net of capitalized amounts.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Local			
Fiscal	cal Connection		Facility Charges		Do	nated Mains/	
Year	Fees				Ca	pital Grants	 Total
2007	\$	4,394,856	\$	275,772	\$	3,299,924	\$ 7,970,552
2008		3,815,455		145,346		4,519,562	8,480,363
2009		3,486,427		92,092		2,314,771	5,893,290
2010		3,430,229		118,271		971,956	4,520,456
2011		3,397,622		101,939		394,050	3,893,611
2012		7,178,366		112,808		1,950,565	9,241,739
2013		3,010,250		152,676		2,455,847	5,618,773
2014		4,885,217		316,048		3,552,365	8,753,630
2015		6,489,814		163,076		4,724,174	11,377,064
2016		7,583,679		112,712		7,015,528	14,711,919

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 7

				Contract Obligation Payable		Total		
				to Clark	to Clark County			As a Share
	2005 Revenue	2012 Revenue	PWTF/SRF	Revenue	PWTF		Per	of Personal
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Loans	Bonds	Loans	Amount	ERU	Income
2007	\$ 13,392,340	\$ -	\$ 13,079,546	\$22,900,000	\$1,016,068	\$ 50,387,954	\$ 1,526	4.17%
2008	12,893,232	-	19,852,714	20,750,000	729,185	54,225,131	1,618	4.24%
2009	12,374,125	-	19,120,691	18,500,000	489,126	50,483,942	1,491	3.94%
2010	11,830,017	-	17,889,753	16,140,000	335,910	46,195,680	1,350	3.59%
2011	11,265,910	-	16,923,599	13,675,000	182,694	42,047,203	1,217	3.09%
2012	10,676,803	5,417,645	15,671,272	-	-	31,765,720	908	2.19%
2013	10,057,695	4,923,980	15,331,125	-	-	30,312,800	850	2.05%
2014	9,413,588	4,418,988	25,461,097	-	-	39,293,673	1,013	2.45%
2015	-	3,903,947	19,682,456	-	-	23,586,403	588	1.31%
2016	-	3,378,658	18,429,423	-	-	21,808,081	525	1.14%

Note: Equivalent Residential Units (ERUs) were used instead of population per capita information based upon the District not having a defined base from which to derive population numbers. Personal income data used in calculating the debt as a share of personal income can be found in detail on Schedule 10 of the CAFR.

ATISTICAL SECTION

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT BOND COVERAGE RATIO LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 2007		2008		2009		2010		2011	-	2012		2013	 2014	 2015	 2016
REVENUES	 2007	_	2000	_	2009	_	2010	_	2011		2012	_	2013	 2014	 2013	 2010
Central Monthly Service Rate	\$ 34.00	\$	34.00	\$	34.00	\$	34.00	\$	34.00	\$	34.00	\$	35.00	\$ 36.00	\$ 37.00	\$ 38.00
Ridgefield Monthly Service Rate	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 55.00	\$ 55.80	\$ 56.50
Charges for services	\$ 13,854,483	\$	14,027,161	\$	14,068,003	\$	14,079,658	\$	14,327,747	\$	14,543,675	\$	15,343,633	\$ 17,396,279	\$ 17,542,643	\$ 18,691,943
Miscellaneous operating																
revenue	643,476		530,678		544,475		458,313		375,639		416,456		448,922	356,716	583,091	691,574
Interest on investments	2,824,249		1,507,678		428,139		275,168		289,494		201,405		104,321	271,600	307,304	339,891
Miscellaneous non-																
operating revenue	13,436		27,841		749,312		1,917		32,802		10,878		116,549	355,404	552,060	872,136
General Facilities Charge	1,449,007		900,544		668,476		657,707		609,524		866,814		3,010,251	4,885,217	6,489,814	7,583,679
Deposits to Rate																
Stabilization Account	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Withdrawals from Rate																
Stabilization Account			-				_		_							-
Total Gross Revenues	\$ 18,784,651	\$	16,993,902	\$	16,458,405	\$	15,472,763	\$	15,635,206	\$	16,039,228	\$	19,023,676	\$ 23,265,216	\$ 25,474,912	\$ 28,179,223
MAINTENANCE AND																
OPERATION EXPENSE																
Salaries, wages and benefits	\$ 3,096,635	\$	3,330,635	\$	3,555,950	\$	3,561,293	\$	3,692,323	\$	3,877,891	\$	4,433,927	\$ 4,567,044	\$ 4,994,879	\$ 5,420,501
Treatment - Clark County	3,562,829		3,132,176		3,206,868		3,181,705		3,339,528		3,349,128		3,959,749	3,959,748	-	-
Treatment - Alliance	-		-		-		-		-		-		306,725	325,428	6,428,188	7,576,246
Treatment - Other	832,781		812,612		798,598		723,072		627,744		550,472		527,273	1,533,938	713,458	1,300,166
Other operating expenses	 1,437,012		1,255,648		1,411,161		1,441,591		1,488,003		1,774,671		1,988,467	 2,356,874	2,717,571	5,820,514
Total Maintenance and																
Operating Expense	\$ 8,929,256	\$	8,531,071	\$	8,972,577	\$	8,907,661	\$	9,147,598	\$	9,552,162	\$	11,216,141	\$ 12,743,032	\$ 14,854,096	\$ 20,117,427
1.10 COVERAGE TEST																
Net Revenue	\$ 9,855,395	\$	8,462,831	\$	7,485,828	\$	6,565,102	\$	6,487,608	\$	6,487,066	\$	7,807,535	\$ 10,522,184	\$ 10,620,816	\$ 8,061,796
Less: General Facilities/																
System Development Charge	 (1,449,007)		(900,544)		(668,476)		(657,707)		(609,524)		(866,814)		(3,010,251)	 (4,885,217)	 (6,489,814)	(7,583,679)
Total Revenues	8,406,388		7,562,287		6,817,352		5,907,395		5,878,084		5,620,252		4,797,284	5,636,967	4,131,002	478,117
Debt Service	4,366,815		4,366,790		4,366,390		4,363,728		4,367,428		4,369,633		1,691,059	1,692,665	1,175,041	525,289
Coverage	1.93		1.73		1.56		1.35		1.35		1.29		2.84	3.33	3.52	0.91
1.25 COVERAGE TEST																
Net Revenue	\$ 9,855,395	\$	8,462,831	\$	7,485,828	\$	6,565,102	\$	6,487,608	\$	6,487,066	\$	7,807,535	\$ 10,522,184	\$ 10,620,816	\$ 8,061,796
Plus: Regional Facilities																
Charge	 2,945,849		2,914,911		2,817,951		2,772,522		2,788,098		6,311,547			 	 	
Total Revenues	\$ 12,801,244	\$	11,377,742	\$	10,303,779	\$	9,337,624	\$	9,275,706	\$	12,798,614	\$	7,807,535	\$ 10,522,184	\$ 10,620,816	\$ 8,061,796
Debt Service	4,366,815		4,366,790		4,366,390		4,363,728		4,367,428		4,369,633		1,691,059	1,692,665	1,175,041	525,289
Coverage	2.93		2.61		2.36		2.14		2.12		2.93		4.62	6.22	9.04	15.35

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT OPERATING EXPENSE AND DEBT PRINCIPLE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Gross Revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 18,691,943	\$ 17,542,643	\$ 17,396,279	\$ 15,343,633	\$ 14,543,675	\$ 14,327,747	\$ 14,079,658	\$ 14,068,003	\$ 14,027,161	\$ 13,854,483
Other operating revenues	691,574	583,091	356,716	448,922	416,456	375,639	458,313	544,475	530,678	643,476
Interest income	339,891	307,304	271,600	104,321	201,405	289,494	275,168	428,139	1,507,678	2,824,249
Other non-operating revenues	872,136	552,060	355,404	116,549	10,878	32,802	1,917	749,312	27,841	13,436
Subtotal Gross Revenues	20,595,544	18,985,098	18,379,999	16,013,425	15,172,414	15,025,682	14,815,056	15,789,929	16,093,358	17,335,644
Connection charges - Regional Facilities	-	-	-	-	6,311,552	2,788,098	2,772,522	2,817,951	2,914,911	2,945,849
Connection charges - General Facilities	7,583,679	6,489,814	4,885,217	3,010,251	866,814	609,524	657,707	668,476	900,544	1,449,007
Total Gross Revenues	28,179,223	25,474,912	23,265,216	19,023,676	22,350,781	18,423,304	18,245,284	19,276,356	19,908,813	21,730,501
Operating Expenses										
Salaries, wages and benefits	5,420,501	4,994,879	4,567,044	4,433,927	3,877,891	3,692,323	3,561,293	3,555,950	3,330,634	3,096,635
Treatment - Clark County	· · · · -	-	3,959,748	3,959,749	3,349,128	3,339,528	3,181,705	3,206,868	3,132,176	3,562,829
Treatment - Alliance	7,576,246	6,428,188	325,428	306,725	-	-	-	-	-	-
Treatment - Other	1,300,166	713,458	1,533,938	527,273	550,472	627,744	723,072	798,598	812,612	832,781
Other operating expenses, including interest	5,993,155	3,225,744	3,027,868	2,657,058	4,246,296	2,956,086	3,040,455	3,174,680	3,092,723	3,381,981
Operating expenses excluding depreciation	20,290,068	15,362,269	13,414,026	11,884,732	12,023,787	10,615,681	10,506,525	10,736,096	10,368,145	10,874,225
Net Revenues Available for Debt Service	7,889,155	10,112,643	9,851,190	7,138,944	10,326,994	7,807,623	7,738,760	8,540,260	9,540,668	10,856,275
Debt service - District (Principal only)										
Sewer Revenue Bonds - Phase 3 Capital Expansion	-	-	-	-	2,570,000	2,465,000	2,360,000	2,250,000	2,150,000	2,050,000
PWTF Loans - Phase 3 Capital Expansion	-	-	-	-	153,216	153,216	153,216	240,058	286,885	286,885
PWTF Loans - Pumping Stations	27,870	144,274	144,274	144,274	144,274	144,274	144,274	144,274	144,274	144,274
PWTF Loans - Phase 4 Capital Expansion*	-	531,519	1,063,038	1,063,037	1,063,037	1,063,039	1,063,037	641,985	641,985	641,985
PWTF Loans - Ridgefield Service Area	83,984	83,984	83,984	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sewer Revenue Bonds - Phase 4 Capital Expansion**	-	660,000	625,000	600,000	570,000	545,000	525,000	500,000	480,000	465,000
SRF Loan - Phase 4 Capital Expansion*	-	-	47,414	46,198	45,014	43,860	42,735	41,640	40,572	40,049
Sewer Revenue Bonds - 2012	525,289	515,040	504,993	493,665	-	-	-	-	-	-
PWTF Loans - DCWTS Project	1,141,179	1,066,712	118,538							
Net Revenue After Payment of Debt Service	\$ 6,110,833	\$ 7,111,114	\$ 7,263,949	\$ 4,791,770	\$ 5,781,453	\$ 3,393,234	\$ 3,450,498	\$ 4,722,303	\$ 5,796,952	\$ 7,228,082
Operating Expenses Covered (not covered) by Rates	\$ 305,476	\$ 3,622,829	\$ 4,965,973	\$ 4,128,693	\$ 3,148,627	\$ 4,410,001	\$ 4,308,531	\$ 5,053,833	\$ 5,725,213	\$ 6,461,419

^{*} Loans transferred to Discovery Clean Water Alliance January 1, 2015

^{** 2005} Sewer Revenue Bonds were defeased as of September 2, 2015

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 10

Clar	k Co	untv

		0 100111 0 0 001110		
Fiscal	Unincorporated	Per Capita	Total Personal	
<u>Year</u>	Population*	Income **	Income	Unemployment ***
2007	199,532	\$ 36,619	\$ 7,306,662,308	5.6%
2008	202,251	38,131	7,712,032,881	7.1%
2009	203,361	37,813	7,689,689,493	13.2%
2010	203,339	37,645	7,654,696,655	13.7%
2011	204,610	39,433	8,068,386,130	12.1%
2012	205,885	41,508	8,545,874,580	8.4%
2013	207,710	41,411	8,601,478,810	7.4%
2014	210,140	43,153	9,068,171,420	7.3%
2015	214,585	45,070	9,671,345,950	6.0%
2016	218,750	46,016	10,066,102,813	6.0%

Notes: Demographic information is from the following sources:

District demographics would be expected to closely follow overall Clark County.

^{*} Washington State Office of Financial Management.

^{**} Federal Reserve Economic Data

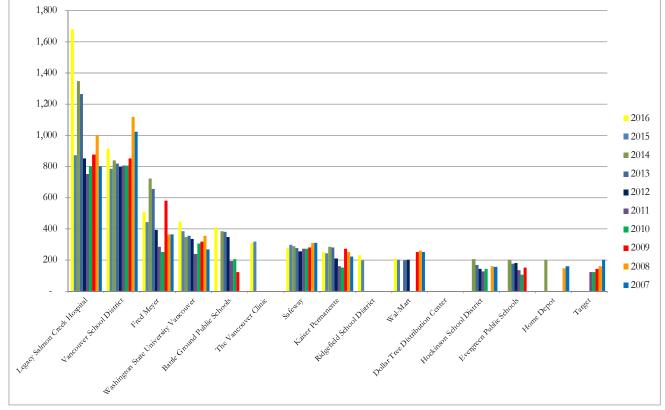
Data for the year 2016 is not yet available. The 2016 figure was calculated by increasing the 2015 Per Capita
Income amount by 2.1%, the average year-over-year growth rate for the prior six years.

^{***} Federal Reserve Economic Data

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT EMPLOYEES FOR TEN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 11

	Number of Employees									
Customer	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Legacy Salmon Creek Hospital	1,680	1,460	1,349	1,263	850	749	800	874	1,000	800
Vancouver School District	914	872	839	819	798	804	804	851	1,117	1,023
Fred Meyer	507	785	720	655	394	283	251	579	365	365
Washington State University Vancouver	443	443	346	353	333	238	304	318	355	268
Battle Ground Public Schools	409	383	385	380	348	191	205	122	-	-
The Vancouver Clinic	308	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Safeway	276	316	287	277	255	271	272	278	308	308
Kaiser Permanente	250	295	283	281	210	160	150	270	250	220
Ridgefield School District	230	241	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wal-Mart	210	197	-	196	200	-	-	249	258	250
Dollar Tree Distribution Center	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hockinson School District	-	-	206	167	142	126	140	-	159	155
Evergreen Public Schools	-	-	201	174	178	133	105	152	-	-
Home Depot	-	-	200	-	-	-	-	-	148	160
Target						122	122	140	160	200
Total	5,227	5,192	4,816	4,565	3,708	3,077	3,153	3,833	4,120	3,749



Notes:

Total employment for Clark Regional Wastewater District's service area alone is not collected in the US census data or able to be calculated as a specific portion of unincorporated Clark County; therefore, a calculation of each employer's percentage of total employment is excluded. Data is obtained directly from employers in the District's service area.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT CUSTOMER ACCOUNTS BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal					
Year	Residential	Multi-Family	Commercial	Schools	Total
2007	22,768	244	1,125	31	24,168
2008	22,931	247	1,135	31	24,344
2009	23,202	216	1,107	34	24,559
2010	23,539	216	1,084	35	24,874
2011	23,732	215	1,073	35	25,055
2012	24,044	219	1,137	36	25,436
2013	24,617	217	1,161	36	26,031
2014	26,989	251	1,204	39	28,483
2015	29,962	254	1,371	39	31,626
2016	31,526	243	1,524	39	33,332

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT TEN LARGEST CUSTOMERS CURRENT AND NINE FISCAL YEARS AGO

			2016				2007	
Customer	I	Sewer Revenues	Rank	Percentage of Total Sewer Revenues	F	Sewer Revenues	Rank	Percentage of Total Sewer Revenues
Vancouver Public Schools	\$	142,264	1	0.76%	\$	147,859	1	1.07%
Salmon Creek Estate Condominiums		128,592	2	0.69%		115,056	2	0.83%
Highland Hills Apartments		117,602	3	0.63%		105,223	3	0.76%
Prairie View Association		103,512	4	0.56%		92,616	4	0.67%
Parklane Apartments		95,304	5	0.51%		85,272	5	0.62%
Reflections at the Park*		89,604	6	0.48%		-		-
Rock Creek Commons		87,613	7	0.47%		-		-
Bridge Creek Apartments**		77,064	8	0.41%		68,952	7	0.50%
Crystal Creek Apartments		75,696	9	0.41%		67,728	8	0.49%
North Glen Villas		74,146	10	0.40%		-		-
Willow Pointe Apartments		-		-		63,240	9	0.46%
Solarworld USA		-		-		81,162	6	0.59%
Edgetree Homeowners Association						56,304	10	0.41%
Subtotal (ten largest)		991,397		5.32%		883,412		6.39%
Balance from other customers	1	7,650,283		94.68%	1	2,971,071		93.61%
Total	\$ 1	8,641,680		100.00%	\$ 1	3,854,483		100.00%

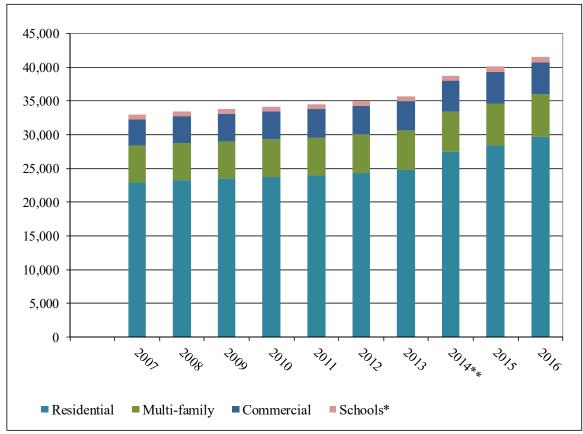
^{*} Formerly Prairie Park Apartments

^{**} Formerly Discovery Park Apartments

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT EQUIVALENT RESIDENTIAL UNITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 14

Fiscal Year	Residential	Multi-family	Commercial	Schools*	Total
2007	22,925	5,472	3,938	677	33,012
2008	23,238	5,576	3,988	707	33,509
2009	23,473	5,578	4,062	736	33,848
2010	23,757	5,578	4,106	781	34,222
2011	23,996	5,578	4,255	714	34,543
2012	24,307	5,709	4,265	717	34,998
2013	24,839	5,792	4,325	717	35,673
2014**	27,432	6,000	4,582	777	38,791
2015	28,453	6,234	4,625	777	40,089
2016	29,738	6,322	4,647	801	41,508



Notes:

The District tracks its customer base by Equivalent Residential Unit (ERU). An ERU is 290 gallons per day per single-family dwelling. Local census data provides that about 2.9 people live in a single-family dwelling. Engineering studies have depicted that a person uses approximately 100 gallons per day.

- * Elementary, middle and high schools are billed at a 32 students per ERU rate calculation and colleges are billed at a 10 students per ERU rate calculation.
- ** In January 2014, the District took over the Ridgefield collection system which increased District ERUs by 2,097.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT WASTEWATER TREATED LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 15

Millions of Gallons of Wastewater Treated

_		Winners of Ganeris of Waste Water Treated								
	Fiscal	Salmon Creek	SCTP Rate	Ridgefield	RFTP Rate	City of	CO	V Rate		
_	Year	Treatment Plant*	\$/MG	Treatment Plant**	\$/MG	Vancouver***		/MG		
	2007	3,117	\$ 2,289	-	-	277	\$	2,851		
	2008	3,070	2,184	-	-	265		2,886		
	2009	3,048	2,206	-	-	266		2,838		
	2010	3,325	1,988	-	-	269		2,498		
	2011	3,307	2,048	-	-	266		2,163		
	2012	3,234	1,036	-	-	269		1,867		
	2013	2,935	1,349	-	-	254		1,873		
	2014	3,201	1,237	150	6,315	259		1,940		
	2015	3,916	1,616	219	4,820	260		1,920		
	2016	3,431	1,885	183	9,835	270		2,041		

^{*} The SCTP is owned by the Alliance. Operations transferred from Clark County to the Alliance on January 1, 2015. About 88.3% of the District's flow is treated at the SCTP.

^{**} In January 2014, the District took over the Ridgefield collection system. Flows from the Ridgefield service area are treated at the Ridgefield Treatment Plant (RFTP), which treats approximately 4.7% of the District's total flow. The RFTP was transferred to the Alliance January 1, 2015.

^{***} The District has a contract with the City of Vancouver to treat up to 1 million gallons average monthly flow. The City of Vancouver treats about 7.0% of the District's flow.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT OPERATING AND CAPITAL INDICATORS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Years									
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
WASTEWATER TREATMENT										
Miles of sewer lines	659	607	605	539	534	527	522	522	513	499
Number of treatment plants	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Treatment capacity (MGD)*	15.65	15.65	15.65	14.95	14.95	14.95	14.95	14.95	10.30	10.30
Annual engineering maximum										
plant capacity (millions of gallons)**	5,712	5,712	5,712	5,457	5,457	5,457	5,457	5,457	3,760	3,760
Amount treated annually (millions of gallons)***	3,614	4,135	3,351	2,935	3,234	3,307	3,325	3,048	3,078	3,117
Unused capacity (millions of gallons)	2,098	1,577	2,362	2,522	2,223	2,150	2,132	2,409	682	643
Percentage of capacity utilized	63.3%	72.4%	58.7%	53.8%	59.3%	60.6%	60.9%	55.9%	81.9%	82.9%

^{*} MGD = millions of gallons per day. The Salmon Creek Treatment Plant (SCTP) treatment capacity is 14.95 MGD. In January 2014, the District took over the Ridgefield collection system. The City of Ridgefield Treatment Plant (RFTP) capacity is .70 MGD.

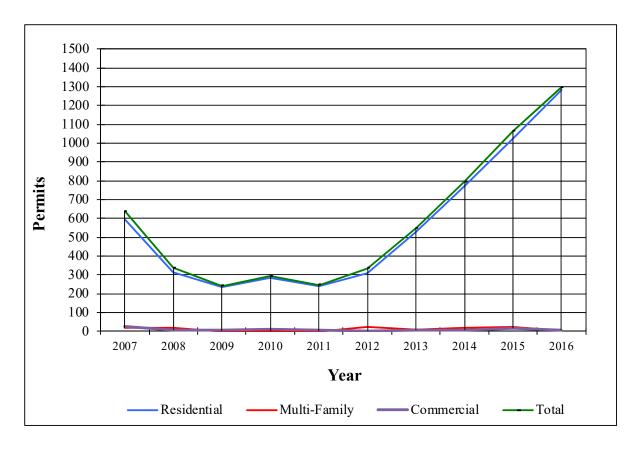
^{**} Maximum monthly flow per Department of Ecology discharge permit to the SCTP and the RFTP. Approximately 88.3% of the District's flows go to the SCTP and 4.7% of its flows go to the RFTP. In addition, the District has an agreement with the City of Vancouver to treat up to 1 million gallons average monthly flow. Currently 7.0% of the District's flows go to the City of Vancouver Treatment Plant.

^{***} This figure is also called influent flow. Influent flow is calculated through use of the maximum monthly average and extrapolating that for the year. Even if on an annualized basis the rainfall meets average levels, if one month is exceptionally wet causing the influent flow calculation to be out of trend, this will further artificially increase the percentage of capacity utilized.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT CONSTRUCTION SEWER PERMITS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 17

Year	Residential	Multi-Family	Commercial	Total
2007	595	18	25	638
2008	316	16	6	338
2009	236	0	6	242
2010	283	0	9	292
2011	239	0	6	245
2012	310	21	3	334
2013	531	9	8	548
2014	772	18	5	795
2015	1,021	23	18	1,062
2016	1,284	6	5	1,295



Note: The District does not have available construction cost or value for the sewer permits provided its customers.

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT SERVICE AND CONNECTION CHARGES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 18

	Central Monthly	Ridgefield Monthly	Regional Facilities	General Facilities	Systen	n Development	Charge
Year	Service	Service	Charge *	Charge *	VTP **	SCTP ***	<u>RFTP ****</u>
2007	\$ 34.00	\$ -	\$ 4,444	\$ 1,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2008	34.00	-	4,444	1,898	-	-	-
2009	34.00	-	4,444	1,898	-	-	-
2010	34.00	-	4,444	1,898	-	-	-
2011	34.00	-	4,444	1,898	-	-	-
2012	34.00	-	4,444	1,898	-	-	-
2013	35.00	-	-	-	1,720	4,708	-
2014	36.00	55.00	-	-	1,720	4,708	7,550
2015	37.00	55.80	-	-	1,720	4,708	7,550
2016	38.00	56.50	-	-	1,720	4,708	7,550

Notes:

Monthly service rates are based upon 290 gallons per day per single-family dwelling.

Increases in monthly service rates must be approved by the Board of Commissioners. The above rates and connection charges are the primary sources of revenues for the District. Starting in 2013, the District Board approved rate increases of \$1.00 per month per year through 2016. The District does not receive any general purpose tax revenues. This increase is necessary to adjust to inflationary costs for goods, services, fuel and labor.

- * In 2012, the District's Regional Facility Charge and General Facility Charge were repealed and replaced with a single System Development Charge (SDC), based on a tiered system, in an effort to support economic development within the District service area. The revenue from this charge will be used for new infrastructure and capital projects.
- ** Tiered SDC effective January 1, 2013, for all customers served by the District through the Vancouver Treatment Plant (VTP).
- *** Tiered SDC effective January 1, 2013, for all customers served by the District through the Salmon Creek Treatment Plant (SCTP).
- **** Tiered SDC effective January 1, 2014, for all customers served by the District through the Ridgefield Treatment Plant (RFTP).

CLARK REGIONAL WASTEWATER DISTRICT DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Schedule 19

Fiscal		
Year Notes Operations Finance Administration	Engineering T	otal
2007 a. 15 8 3	13.9	9.9
2008 b. 17 8 4.5	13.4 4	2.9
2009 17 8 4.5	13.4 4	2.9
2010 17 8 4.5	13.4 4	2.9
2011 c. 17 8 7	11 4	3.0
2012 d. 17 10 8.5	11 4	6.5
2013 e. 19 10 8.5	11 4	8.5
2014 f. 19 10 9	12 5	0.0
2015 g. 18 10 10	12 5	0.0
2016 h. 18 10 10	14 5	2.0

Notes: Operations staff handles all collection, transmission and pump station operations and repairs.

Finance provides customer service, billing, accounting, cash, investments and debt management services.

Administration provides executive management, risk management, human resources and IT network support.

Engineering staff provides permitting, developer extension agreements, development review and local facilities.

- a. In 2007, Engineering added a part-time employee (0.4 FTE) to assist with filing and Capital Programs. In addition, another part time employee (0.5 FTE) was added to assist with capital construction administration.
- b. In 2008, Maintenance added two Maintenance Specialists to support and enhance the line-cleaning program. Engineering added a new Capital Program Engineer. Finally, departmental reorganization resulted in staff reallocations by department.
- c. In 2011, the Administrative Assistant I position was transferred from Engineering to Administration and increased from 0.4 FTE to 0.5 FTE. In addition, an Administrative Assistant III position was transferred from Engineering to Administration.
- d. In 2012, An Administrative Assistant II was added to Administration. In addition, an Administrative Assistant III position was increased from .5 FTE to 1 FTE. Finance added a Senior Accountant and a Customer Service Supervisor.
- e. In 2013, Maintenance added two additional Maintenance Specialists to support the additional work that will be created by adding Ridgefield to the District's service area.
- f. In 2014, Engineering added a Senior Project Manager and Administration added an additional Administrative Assistant III position at 1 FTE and eliminated the Administrative Assistant I position at 0.5 FTE.
- g. In 2015, one Maintenance Support Specialist position was shifted to the Administrative Department and is now titled Administrative Assistant III.
- h. In 2016, Engineering added a Control System Administrator position for the Regional System, as well as an Assistant Engineering Technician position, both of which were added to support continued growth in the District service area.

This data is summarized from the Board adopted organizational chart presented in the introduction of each years' CAFR. In this schedule we further summarize the changes in the organizational charts presented within the introduction of the CAFR from year to year.